

TWO CENTS

MRS. CARSE'S ADIEU.

Bade Farewell to W. C. T. U. Until Temple Is Paid For.

MISS WILLARD MEMORIAL CIRCLES

These Will Be Organized Throughout the World to Save and Sustain the Temple Enterprise—Dramatic Scene About Miss Willard's Vacant Chair.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 17.—The closing day of the twenty-fifth annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union of the United States was very full of business, many delayed suppers, and reports being heard in the intervals of business. The last of the temple was heard when Mrs. Matilda B. Carse of Illinois who, for 19 years, has been president of the Women's Temperance Publishing association, made her last report from that affiliated organization, and then, laying aside her report, delivered a brief and very touching farewell to those with whom she had so long been associated. She said she would not return until the temple was paid for. On Miss Gordon's motion she was asked to attend the next convention anyway.

In a dramatic scene on the front of the stage she clasped hands with Mrs. Stevens and Miss Gordon beside Miss Willard's vacant chair. The photographer, who had just come in to take a picture of the general officers, caught the group on the camera.

In announcing her retirement from the publishing association Mrs. Carse said she would fill once more her well-known column on the temple in The Union Signal, the organ of the W. C. T. U., after which it would be transferred to the columns of The Appeal, the publication which will be transferred from Nebraska to Chicago, to become the organ of the Willard Memorial circles, which will work on behalf of the temple.

In the afternoon the usual resolutions were adopted, those on Miss Willard's death and against the army canteens being new subjects, while the others had simply a new wording of the well-known sentiments.

The evening session was the farewell. Invitations for the next convention were presented by Seattle and Los Angeles, on the Pacific coast; Portland, Me., Detroit, Niagara Falls, Cincinnati and a general invitation from the state of Texas. The choice of place was left to the executive committee.

Pennsylvania was awarded the old banner for largest membership. Ohio was given the old banner for increase in numbers.

In a brief interview with a reporter Mrs. Carse said the temple trustees will immediately send out memorial circulars all over the country, and around the world, for the organization of Willard Memorial circles, to save and sustain the temple enterprise. The organ of circles will be The Appeal, to be re-edited by Mrs. Carse, at Chicago.

A temple rally was held here, and a large sum of money for the temple, and many names for The Appeal were subscribed.

THREE MORE DIED AT HONOLULU.

Woman Stowaway Put Ashore—Typhoid Broke Out on Arizona.

HONOLULU, Nov. 9, via San Francisco, Nov. 17.—The transport Indiana brought a woman stowaway, Sadie White. She was put ashore here. She claims to have a sweetheart on the Bennington. She was assisted in smuggling aboard by Private P. J. Moore of Company E. He was given 20 days in the guardhouse and a fine of \$10.

The transport Ohio left for Manila on the 7th; the Indiana followed her on the 8th. The Zealandia will sail on the 11th.

Typhoid fever broke out on the Arizona just as she was ready to sail for Manila.

General King is himself very sick. The Arizona will be held here until health conditions are better.

There are today nearly 300 patients under treatment at the various state hospital camps.

Private McKaren, Company M, First New York, died on the 3d inst. of typhoid.

Thomas F. Lennon, Company A of the First New York, died on the 4th inst. of typhoid. He was a native of West Stockbridge, Mass.

Corporal Oscar R. Wheeler, Company E, First New York, died on the 7th.

The appearance of smallpox on the quarantine island causes no alarm in town.

WANTS CONTROL OF CIENFUEGOS.

United States Government Hopes to Facilitate Harvest of Sugar Cane.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The United States government is anxious that the military forces shall have possession of the port of Cienfuegos, on the southern coast of Cuba, as soon as this can be arranged.

It has been represented to the officials here that the vast sugar cane fields in the province of Santa Clara, Cienfuegos being the port of entry for that province, are almost ripe and ready for cutting, that implements for the work, and even

for hauling the teams, should be sent into the district as soon as possible.

NOW A CAROLINE ISLAND.

Peace Commission to Obtain One For a Cable Station.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The acquisition of an island in the Caroline group, owned by Spain, will be part of the work of the Paris peace commission. Cable communication between the United States and Manila, via Honolulu, is regarded as desirable should we occupy the islands, and the distance between Honolulu and Guam island, in the Ladrone group, is so great as to make an intermediary station necessary.

Officials believe that one of the Caroline islands would be useful as such an intermediary station. The acquisition of either of the two Caroline islands which are considered suitable for a cable station would involve a money consideration, and the United States will pay a reasonable price for its relinquishment.

A CHILD KIDNAPED.

New Sensation in the Barnes-Magowan Case—Arrests at Erie.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 17.—Another chapter was added to the celebrated Barnes-Magowan affair here. The 7-year-old daughter of Mrs. Barnes was kidnaped by a woman, supposed to be her mother, and immediately taken out of the city. They were traced to Union station, but beyond that nothing is known. The child has been living with her grandfather, who was appointed her guardian.

Subsequently it was learned that the woman and child had taken a train on the Lake Shore road for the east. The police immediately began telegraphing police officials all along the route to arrest the woman, and expect to have them in custody before many hours have passed.

Meantime, Mr. Barnes has sworn out a warrant charging Mrs. Magowan with kidnaping.

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 17.—Frank D. Magowan of Trenton, his wife and Mrs. Dr. R. H. Wynn were arrested here charged with the abduction of 8-year-old Edith Beryle Barnes, a daughter of Mrs. Magowan, from Cleveland. A posse of officers met the train. The accused were taken before Justice McAndrew and held on a charge of abduction. When the trio was arrested at the depot Magowan showed a roll of bills to the detectives, but it would not do. Magowan has practically made arrangements for buying rubber works here and locating here permanently.

Receivers Named in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 17.—Auxiliary proceedings were begun in the United States circuit court here for the appointment of a receiver of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Fuel company. The applicants for the appointment of the receivers were Henry W. Putman and Charles J. G. Hall, trustees. The liabilities of the company are placed at \$1,200,000. The original suit was commenced in Chicago, the Security Title and Trust company of that city and John S. Jones being named as receivers. The court here appointed the same receivers.

Lieutenant Richards Engaged.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 17.—The engagement is announced of Miss Fannie Halbert Mills, daughter of United States Senator Roger Q. Mills, to First Lieutenant George Richards, United States Marine corps. Lieutenant Richards was appointed to the naval academy from Ohio. He is a brother of John K. Richards, late attorney general of Ohio, now solicitor general of the United States. The wedding is scheduled to take place in Washington on Dec. 7.

Threatened Contempt Proceedings.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 17.—Attorney General Monnet announced that today he would bring contempt proceedings against the Buckeye Pipe Line company for refusal to testify in the recent investigation of the Standard oil trust.

Negro Speakers to Protest.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The speakers at tonight's meeting in Cooper Union to protest against the recent killing of negroes in North and South Carolina will be General James R. O'Beirne, J. P. Peaker, the colored president of the State Summer League of Connecticut; T. Thomas Fortune and perhaps John Daney, the colored collector of customs for the port of Wilmington, N. C., who was driven from his post by fear of personal violence.

Medals Presented to Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Medals of honor from the citizens of this city were presented to Colonel Harries and the remaining officers and men of the First District of Columbia regiment who saw service in the war with Spain. The exercises occurred in Convention hall and were attended by President McKinley, accompanied by Secretary Porter, prominent citizens of the district and friends of the soldiers.

Congress of Baptists.

BUFFALO, Nov. 17.—The congress of Baptists considered "on what grounds should we accept the Biblical books as our Bible." "State help vs. self help or paternalism in government" was discussed. Prof. Shaller Matthews of the University of Chicago contributing a paper.

GETTING TROOPS READY

Remarkable Activity at the War Department.

THEORIES ARE BEING ADVANCED

But Particulars Are Not Now Being Made Public—Refusal to Muster Out Volunteers Recently Returned From Porto Rico Considered Significant.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—There has been remarkable activity about the war department in the way of preparing troops for service in lands beyond the United States. An order has been issued directing at least ten regiments of the regular army now stationed in northwestern forts and posts to hold themselves in readiness for immediate transportation and service in tropical climates.

It is believed that an early movement to Cuba is intended. Another belief entertained is that the United States government desires to be in a position to meet any conditions that may grow out of the pending peace negotiations. In this connection an intimation has got about to the effect that during the delay which has occurred Spain has been able to form some sort of coalition with European powers.

Another reason given for the proposed movement of the regulars to Cuba is that they are to replace the regiments which have given some trouble.

It may be that some of the regular regiments are destined to replace volunteers who have been pleading to be sent home.

An interesting feature of the matter is the refusal of the United States authorities to order the muster out of the volunteers who recently returned from Porto Rico.

As to the ten regular regiments every department of the government has been directed to prepare supplies for them and to arrange transportation as soon as they are ordered to leave.

IRRITATING TO ITALY.

French Only Left Rahetta After Protest. Russia Refused Recognition.

ROME, Nov. 17.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by a report that a French warship recently landed an officer and some men at Rahetta, in the Danakil country, on the west shore of Bab-el-Mandeb, the strait connecting the Red sea with the Indian ocean, and only re-embarked them after a protest by the Italian officials there. The feeling of irritation is increased by the fact that Russia has refused to recognize an Italian protectorate over Rahetta.

BLAMED GENERAL SHAFTER.

Witness Said He Ordered Ambulances Left in Tampa—Prevented Forwarding of Cooking Utensils.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Col. Jacobs, who had charge of the transportation facilities at Santiago, testified before the war investigating board, and he expressed the opinion that there were not a sufficient number of wagons. He thought there should have been at least one wagon to each troop or company in addition to those at headquarters. General Shafter's first order had been to take only 50 wagons. When General Miller went to Tampa he doubled the number, but even this order did not secure a sufficient number.

General McCook developed a quite animated episode by asking if there were any reason why the cooking utensils and camp equipment of the troops should not have been forwarded from Daiquiri to the troops in the field.

"There was no reason," Colonel Jacobs replied, "except that General Shafter's order forbade it."

It was most specific in providing that only forage and rations should be forwarded. General Shafter's orders to this effect were written and the general had given him strict verbal instructions to see that the orders were observed. The food had been sent to the front cooked, but he thought the men should have had some facilities for cooking.

The order had never been changed during the month he remained at Daiquiri. Dr. Conner asked whether orders had been given to leave all the hospital equipments behind at Tampa, and Colonel Jacobs responded that it was his impression such was the case. He had personal knowledge that General Shafter had given such an order concerning the ambulances.

"It was expected that there would be an engagement was it not?" asked the doctor.

"Certainly," responded the colonel. "We went there to fight."

"Then should there not have been some provision for taking care of the wounded?"

"I should say that these things should have been taken along."

"Then," continued Dr. Conner, "the medical department was left in the air and the quartermaster's department is responsible."

"The quartermaster's department could not have been responsible. We were acting under orders. I will swear that General Shafter told me not to

take the ambulances, though I do not recall that there were any distinct orders in regard to hospital equipments."

AGUINALDO HELD THE FRIARS.

Told Otis He Would Keep Them Until the Pope Was Undeceived.

MANILA, Nov. 17.—General Otis, the commander of the American forces, recently proposed to Aguinaldo that he release the friars and civilians held in captivity throughout the provinces. The insurgent leader denied their maltreatment and refused to release the prisoners, claiming that the civilians had enlisted as volunteers and therefore were legitimate prisoners of war.

As to the friars, Aguinaldo argued that they are prohibited by the pope from accepting parochial appointments. But, he added, the Philippine clericals have deliberately and systematically deceived the pope, pretending that the country was barbarous, unfit for the regular ministry and that it was necessary that the monastic orders should administer the parishes. Therefore, Aguinaldo continued, he considered it necessary to detain the friars until the pope is undeceived.

The Spanish papers here assert that a sanguinary mutiny has taken place on board the steamship Bernardino and that the native crew massacred their Spanish officers. These papers also appeal to the United States to control the natives. A voice from Iloilo says the natives of that city distrust Aguinaldo and want American domination.

THE LAMENT OF BLANCO.

Sorry to Surrender Cuba With Resources to Fight.

MADRID, Nov. 17.—Captain General Blanco, in a letter to Senator Tinado, said:

"The keenest sorrow of my life is surrendering Cuba, with an army of 150,000 men and 200 guns, to an enemy who claims to have conquered Cuba, while we are possessed of such resources."

YOUNG MAY LEAVE TODAY.

About All the Soldiers, Except a Guard, Away From Camp Meade.

CAMP MEADE, Pa., Nov. 17.—The end of Camp Meade will likely be reached today when General Young, commander of the Second corps, is expected to leave for Augusta, Ga. The signal corps expect to get away late in the afternoon. A detail of about 100 soldiers will be left behind. They are from the various regiments and will look after personal supplies left behind.

Maria Teresa Probably Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The armored cruiser Maria Teresa has been abandoned by this time, and lies a wreck off the coast of Cat island. The department wired Captain McCalla to abandon her, if satisfied she cannot be saved.

FOR MONETARY LEGISLATION.

Payne Said Extra Session of Congress Was Expected.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 17.—The advisability of an extra session of congress next March, for the purpose of considering among other questions what is known as the McCleary bill, a monetary measure, was discussed at a conference between Henry C. Payne, national Republican committeeman from Wisconsin, and H. H. Hanna of Indianapolis, chairman of the National Sound Money League. Mr. Payne said an extra session, it was expected, would be held.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—A meeting of the executive committee of the National Sound Money League was held here. Congressman Fowler of New Jersey expressed the opinion that the president should be urged to call an extra session of the new congress, to be convened in the spring, for the enactment of the gold standard into a statute law and by the adoption of legislation for the credit currency of the country.

McKinley Likely to Go to Atlanta.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Captain Evan P. Howell of the war investigating commission practically completed arrangements with the president for a visit by Mr. McKinley to the Atlanta peace jubilee next month. If the Seventh corps is at Savannah he will visit there.

Avenging Missidaries' Murder.

PRETORIA, Nov. 17.—The Boer forces, after a heavy musketry fire and artillery bombardment, stormed and captured the mountain stronghold of Chief Pefu of the Masatos tribe. Opefu recently massacred a missionary and his family.

Actress Died in Theater.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Ethel Marlowe, a cousin of Julia Marlowe, died at the Knickerbocker theater during a performance of "The Christian," in which she played the part of Polly Love. She was 24 years old.

President Gave a Dinner.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The president and Mrs. McKinley entertained at dinner the joint high commissioners on the part of Great Britain and the United States.

Industrial Commission.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—P. H. Donnelly of Illinois was elected secretary of the industrial commission. W. E. Sackett of East Orange, N. J., was chosen chief clerk and disbursing officer.

WANT ARBITRATION.

Spain's Proposition on Philippine Article.

AMERICANS NOT LIKELY TO ACCEPT

Would Hardly Consent to Invoke Exterior Aid to Control the Terms of Their Own Protocol—The Conference Adjourned Until Saturday.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—In signifying their willingness to submit the Philippine article of the protocol to a third party for construction, the Spanish commissioners at the joint conference urged that, as there is obviously a difference of opinion regarding the phrase "the control, disposition and government of the Philippines," possibly the result of a misunderstanding, the Spaniards should no more be asked to surrender their view than the Americans to surrender theirs. The memorandum points out that a deadlock exists, which might be broken by arbitration on the contending views, to which the Spanish commissioners are quite ready to submit. The latter declare that they have no idea of suggesting arbitration as to the main issue, which touches the national honor of both sides, but they are willing to accept exterior aid to clear the path of negotiation.

It is safe to say that the American commissioners will not consent to invoke exterior aid to construe the terms of their own protocol.

Another part of the Spanish memorandum flatly asserts, upon the authority of M. Cambon's reports of the protocol negotiations between Washington and Madrid through him, that President McKinley at no time objected to Spain's reservation of her sovereignty in the Philippines. This allegation is directly opposed to the American record on the same subject. Judge Day's note to M. Cambon, dated Aug. 10 and already made public, informed him that Spain's note of Aug. 7, accepting the terms of peace laid down by the United States, was not explicit and proposed a protocol to reduce both parties to exactitude. The American commissioners now hold that the protocol itself was born of Spain's attempt to restore her Philippine sovereignty, though the present Spanish memorandum squarely challenges the contention.

The Spanish memorandum also asks why, if the United States objected to Spain's reservation of sovereignty, they did not plainly say so in the protocol and leave no room for argument. It asks why Judge Day's note of Aug. 10 did not clearly declare that the United States would not recognize such reservation and that the protocol was necessary to prevent a misunderstanding on that point. It also asks why did Judge Day's note practically ascribe the inexplicit form of Spain's acceptance of the peace terms to telegraphic errors, while the exact terms of Spain's reservation of sovereignty, as had in Washington before the protocol, are now being quoted in the proceedings here.

This portion of the Spanish memorandum is based upon letters written by M. Cambon at the time, purporting to describe interviews and transactions attending the peace terms and protocol.

On Saturday, the date fixed for the next meeting, the Americans will make their response, in the course of which it is not unlikely that the exact terms and precise time limit of their acceptance will be communicated.

SPANIARDS MAY BE MASSACRED.

Under Terms of Protocol United States Forces Can't Go to Iloilo.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—General Otis, in command at Manila, sent word that the province of Iloilo, in the island of Panay, which is technically occupied by the Spaniards, is surrounded by the insurgents and that fears are entertained that the Spanish population and garrison will be massacred by the insurgents.

The indications are that the present situation in Iloilo cannot be controlled by the United States army at Manila or the insurgent leaders there and if serious consequences are averted some other method will have to be adopted. The troops under General Otis are not available for any such duty and under the terms of the protocol, pending peace negotiations, it is not desirable to send a force from the army to the island of Panay. There is no intention at present of sending additional troops to General Otis or to reduce the available force under his command.

Glad Schley May Come.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Inquiries are reaching the secretary of the navy from Portsmouth, England, expressing pleasure at the news that Admiral Schley, with the new European squadron, is to pay the town of Portsmouth a visit, and asking the department to announce the date. This depends upon the settlement with Spain.

Ellerbee Replied to Tolbert.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The government may investigate the circumstances of the chasing out of South Carolina of James W. Tolbert. He sent a telegram to Governor Ellerbee asking protection, who replied that he would do all in his power to protect him, but didn't think it prudent for him to return until the excitement subsided.

Special Sale of Sample Shoes.

Just bought 200 pairs men's sample shoes—vica, kid, box calf, Russia calf and titan calf, in tan and black, sizes 6, 6½, 7, 7½ and 8, B and C wide, worth \$5 and 6,

Special Sale Price, **\$3.90**

W. H. GASS.

220 DIAMOND.

P. S.—Our Repair Dept. is in full blast. Work done quick and best by J. House.

THREE MEN WILL GO

As Delegates From Liverpool's Trades Council

TO THE ZANESVILLE CONVENTION

G. W. Brownfield, Samuel Eardly and J. J. Weisend Were Elected at the Session Last Night—A Special Meeting Will Be Held Nov. 30.

The meeting of Trades council held last evening was very largely attended.

President Eardley presided, and after the minutes had been read and approved the credential committee made their report, and the following new delegates were seated: H. B. Bullock, typographical union, 318; Victor Swanson, tailors, 354; Samuel Coventry, dishmakers, 29.

A communication was read from August Smith, secretary of the Ohio Federation of Labor, stating that the annual convention would be held at Zanesville, Tuesday, Dec. 6. The council decided to send three delegates, and 11 names were proposed. A great deal of time was spent in balloting, and the parties selected to represent the council were Charles W. Brownfield, Samuel Eardley and J. J. Weisend.

It was growing late and council adjourned after making arrangements to hold a special meeting Wednesday evening, Nov. 30, when arrangements will be made for paying the expenses of the delegates, and they will be given some instructions.

CHAUTAUQUA SALUTE

Was Given Captain Palmer at the First M. E. Church.

After prayer meeting at the First M. E. church was ended last evening, Doctor Crawford called Captain Palmer to the front, and the entire congregation arising gave him the Chautauqua salute. The whole ceremony was a surprise to the captain, who responded in a neat speech, and afterward at the request of Doctor Crawford, the people came forward and there was a season of hearty handshaking.

Captain and Mrs. Palmer left at noon today for Washington, Pa., in response to an urgent letter from Mrs. Hawkins, wife of Colonel Hawkins. She had learned that her husband and her son, Capt. Frank Hawkins, were ill, and was anxious to know of their condition, since they had written nothing. Colonel Hawkins had charged him before he left Manila to call on Mrs. Hawkins at the first opportunity, and he is losing no time in carrying out the order.

Excursion Rates For Thanksgiving.

For the accommodation of persons who wish to make Thanksgiving day trips, non-transferable excursion tickets will be sold Thursday, November 24, from ticket stations on the Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburg to any station on those lines within 150 miles of the selling point. Tickets for adults will not be sold for less than 25 cents, nor for children for less than 15 cents. Excursion tickets will be good returning up to and including Friday, November 25. For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

A Funeral.

The funeral of Charles Murphy Cowan took place this afternoon from his late home in Oak street, Doctor Crawford officiating. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

Union Soldiers on the way to Andersonville, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

All the news in the News-Review.

PLAYED A WAR GAME.

HOW THE BIG MAN FLEECED THE SUBSTITUTE BROKERS.

The Tricky Six Footer Worked His Physical Defect to the Limit and Reaped a Rich Harvest While the Opportunity Lasted.

During the civil war in what was then a pretty village of Michigan and has since become a city without losing any of its beauty lived a strapping six footer who looked as hard as nails, dressed well, talked smoothly and was set up like a soldier. He had no means of support visible to the naked eye in the village which he called home, but he would make occasional trips from which he returned with plenty of money and a fund of interesting talk about some section of the north. The people thought him a mystery, but he was a pleasant one, and curiosity never went further than to ask ingenious questions that were just as ingeniously parried. After his harvest was at an end the mystery explained himself without reserve, and no one expressed serious disapproval of the way in which his wits had won him his money.

"It was a simple case of diamond cut diamond," he laughed. "I've been taking fleeces from the fellow that went out to shear. I'm not an Apollo Belvedere, Diomedes or Samson in appearance, but I pass in a crowd as a fine specimen of physical development. The truth is that I'm a white sepulcher. I was born with a defective heart and would not take three minutes of real violent exercise for all the money you could load on a freight train. I take things easy all along the line, and the engine keeps pumping up to requirements.

"When I could see the end of what property was left me, and it was not far away, I cast about for some light work to do and concluded to deal with the substitute brokers. There was no chance of meeting the required medical examinations, so I took another tack. Whenever I visited a place in my business, I'd manage incidentally to fall in with the broker. I'm better than a raw hand as a jollier, and I'd soon have some mutual friends as innocent parties in the play.

"When it came in naturally, I'd chaff the broker about his business and ask what kind of a soldier I'd make. He would either jump open mouthed at the proposition or chaff back under an impression that I would never think of going to war. In either case it would usually come to some kind of a proposition from the broker. Then the other fellows would guy me, intimate that I was a bluffer and wonder how I was to get out of the thing without a clear funk.

"Here's where my fine work came in. I'd demand a retainer, and I'd put it high enough just to make the broker think that I was trying to escape him. If he would pay me a specified sum down, I would agree to appear at the recruiting office the next day and offer my services, but I gave notice that I assumed no chances. If they would not have me, the broker must stand the loss. The idea of my being rejected always raised a laugh and only tended to confirm the broker in the belief that I was trying to escape him. When the doctor turned me down, I went into the dumps, became nervously timid, aroused the sympathy of those with whom I had become acquainted and snapped an order to the disgruntled broker to keep clear away from me.

"The best haul I made was in Pittsburg. A coal baron there who could not well enlist and who had not been drafted wanted a representative in the army who would make a name honorable to that of the principal. He was after a big, handsome, intelligent fellow of whom he could be proud and put the whole matter into the hands of a shrewd little broker. I managed to meet him at the Monongahela House, and I worked around to the main subject in the manner I have described, but I could see that he was sharp and did not like to run any chances.

"While he went to dinner, after which we were to resume our talk, I went out and had a short conference with a huge truckman. When I again met the broker, that truckman insisted on bothering us and, after showing a proper amount of patience, I threw him half way across the office, and he went limping out, while all observers grew wide eyed in their wonder. I did not exert enough strength to throw a half grown boy five feet, but the truckman knew his business, and was paid \$20 for attending to it.

"That apparently cool courage and gigantic strength removed all doubt from the mind of the broker. I was the man he wanted, and he wanted me badly. I stuck out till I got \$2,000 as a 'retainer,' and then was rejected. I felt like giving the money back when the millionaire came around to condole with me and tell how disappointed he was in not having me for a substitute, but I didn't. It would have been an admission that I was not in a legitimate line of business."—Detroit Free Press.

The Sequel to the Joke.

Many years ago a visitor to Edinburgh was being shown over the high court of judiciary. He made some remark concerning the dock and its duties, and in reply the official jokingly

said the visitor might one day be sentenced to be hanged in that very room. The sightseer was the notorious Dr. Pritchard. Two years had barely passed when in the dock he had so closely inspected he was doomed to death for poisoning his wife and mother-in-law. —London Mail.

THE CYCLONE.

How This Wonderful and Destructive Air Fury Is Formed.

To get an idea of a cyclone's formation imagine a large circular pan or tub with quite a large hole in the middle of the bottom. With this hole plugged, fill the vessel with water; then draw out the plug and watch. There is first a rush of water from all directions toward the hole and a turbulent effort to get through. Then the water surface above begins to sink and swirl, the particles gradually circling around and around and rushing, ever faster, toward the center. At last there is actually a hollow space through the center, around which all the water in the tub is whirling, sluggishly near the rim, but with more and more violent rapidity toward the middle until it rushes downward through the bottom. Now, if that water were air, you would be watching a little cyclone turned upside down, for the air rushes upward instead of downward.

In the cradle of cyclones during the summer months, when the land and the water grow hotter and hotter because of the longer days than nights, a layer of air, hot, light and full of vapor, is for a time held down by denser air above it. Restless, expanding, tumultuous, it moves about like a beast at bay until a thinner place in the air above is found. Then up it madly rushes and into the vacuum left behind the lower atmosphere hastens from all directions, pushing and twisting and pouring upward until it has fallen into a regular spinning around a common center.

The cyclone, once formed, rushes away from the tropics toward the pole, and begins its career of destruction, bruising, wrecking and sinking the luckless ships which happen to be in its path. More and more of the surrounding atmosphere is drawn into the whirl until the storm often covers an area nearly 1,000 miles in diameter. Sometimes it flings itself upon our Atlantic coast and tears fiercely through forests, fields and cities. Then again it sweeps away across the broad ocean and dashes itself upon the coasts of Europe. Once in awhile it so adroitly avoids the land that we never know it has passed until ships come in torn and broken. —St. Nicholas.

BACKBONE OF OUR NATION.

The Brain Power of Our Country Comes From the Farms.

"It is from the farm and the country districts that the great brain power of the country has come, is coming today and must come in the future," writes Edward Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Instead of deprecating country life and saying that 'to live in the country means to live out of the world,' intelligent people know that the free, untrammelled life of the country unquestionably gives broader views. The human mind always grows to suit its outward surroundings. Originality and a development for great things have naught to check its growth where one can look with earnest eyes from nature up to nature's God. To speak of 'the ignorance of the rural regions' is to stamp oneself as an ignoramus, not the country people. There is a soundness of core and an intelligence in the back country of this nation of ours that people who live in cities and think themselves wise never suspect. We can talk all we like of 'social revolutions' and kindred evils that are supposed to threaten this nation. When they do threaten our institutions, the danger signal will not come from the back country. Such thoughts are born and fed amid the foul atmosphere of the cities. In the clear country air of the farm nothing threatens this country, and when anything in the shape of a socialistic, anarchistic revolution does menace this land the true voice which will stamp it out will come from the country. The backbone of this land rests in the country and on the farm."

Pianists Practice Too Much.

"While studying with Rubinstein, Josef Hofmann practiced three hours a day," writes Mary B. Mullett of the famous pianist in The Ladies' Home Journal. "He believes that most students make the mistake of overpracticing. When he came to this country the first time, he was practicing an hour a day. For two years after his return to Germany he practiced two hours a day. During the next two years he averaged four hours daily, and after that, until he went to Rubinstein, six hours daily. This he regards as excessive.

"One's mind grows stupid and confused," Hofmann says, "and one's fingers follow the confusion of the brain. Another mistake of young pianists is that they use too much force in practicing. One should play just hard enough to keep the fingers and wrists from getting stiff. One is not aiming for artistic results as one is in concert playing. It is the fingers which need constant practice."

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METHODS BY WHICH ITS KNOTS PER HOUR ARE MEASURED.

An Interesting Description of the Mechanism and Use of the Log, With a Truthful Red Sea Shark Story Attachment.

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From the point of juncture of the three lines a sufficient length is measured, generally about 100 feet, to take the logship well clear of the ship's wash. This is called the "stray line" and is marked with a piece of bunting. From the bunting is measured 47 feet 3 inches, and the line marked here with a piece of leather. Then another 47 feet 3 inches is measured off and marked with two knots, then another space the same length, and marked with three knots, and so on as far as seven knots. Halfway between each batch of knots one single knot is made. The log line is then ready for use.

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To use the log four persons are required—two men to hold the reel on which the line is wound; the quartermaster, to hold the glass, and the midshipman of the watch, to heave the log. The last named puts the peg firmly in the logship and then gathers three or four coils of line in his hand, sufficient to admit of the logship being thrown well clear of the ship. He asks, "Clear glass, quartermaster?"

"Clear glass, sir!" comes the reply, and overboard go the logship and line, the reel rapidly revolving. Presently the midshipman feels the piece of bunting passing through his hand, and he gives the order, "Turn." The quartermaster turns the glass and watches the sand while one "reeler" holds the reel well over his head, so as to give the line fair play. When the sand has run out, "Stop!" cries the quartermaster.

The midshipman grasps the line, assisted by the other reeler, and looks for the nearest knot, finding a single one close to his hand. Then the line is hauled in, and four knots appear, which signify that the ship is going four and a half knots through the water. The jerk of the line draws the peg from the logship, which now floats on its flat side and is easily hauled in. When a ship is going over four knots, a 14 second glass is used, the speed being double that shown by the knots on the line.

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What is it? Why, Doan's Kidney Pills! The Little Kidney Wonder-Workers. What will they do?

Read what a citizen says: Mrs. A. Seagriff, No. 152 High street, East Liverpool, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney disease over a year ago which confined me to my bed for about three months. It affected my entire system and while I was able to be about I never got completely rid of it. I suffered almost constantly with a dull, heavy pain across the loins; if I sat for any length of time, or did anything that brought me into a stooping position and attempted to rise, there would be a sharp shooting pain in the small of my back that felt as if a knife or other sharp instrument had pierced me. I could not sleep when I went to bed, expecting to get rest. I was often robbed of it by nervousness and pain in my back. I have risen unrefreshed and more tired and worn out than I was when I retired. I had taken so much medicine without being cured that I was discouraged. I belong to the Daughters of Liberty and the Maccabees and notified them to drop me, but they refused to do so; this made me more determined than ever to get well, as I did not want to be a burden to them. Doan's Kidney Pills presented themselves in the form of a newspaper account. I got some at the W. & W. Pharmacy. They proved to be the proper remedy for me. Their mild and gentle influence gradually reduced the pain in my back and strengthened the weakness. All the symptoms having disappeared, I rested well at night and gained in strength and weight every day. Of course I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills; it would not be right to refuse to, for the benefit of other sufferers."

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For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

The Simple Minded Duke.

The Duke of Wellington was largely endowed with that modesty or simplicity which makes a great man almost unconscious of his greatness. He met a lady friend, who was going to see a model of the battle of Waterloo, relates a writer in The Cornhill Magazine, and remarked to her: "Ah, you're going to see Waterloo. It's a very good model. I was at the battle, you know." Surveying a field of battle he could detect almost at a glance the weak points in the disposition of the contending forces, but he could never tell whether his dinner was cooked well or ill.

The Sycamore Tree.

The sycamore has been called the Egyptian fig tree. The date of its being planted in England is not known, but it was very early. Mary, queen of Scots, brought over from France a young sycamore, which she planted in the gardens of Holyrood, and from this have sprung all the beautiful groves of sycamores now to be seen in Scotland.

Special Sale of Sample Shoes.

Just bought 200 pairs men's sample shoes—vica, kid, box calf, Russia calf and titan calf, in tan and black, sizes 6, 6½, 7, 7½ and 8, B and C wide, worth \$5 and 6,

Special Sale Price, **\$3.90**

W. H. GASS.

220 DIAMOND.

P. S.—Our Repair Dept. is in full blast. Work done quick and best by J. House.

THREE MEN WILL GO

As Delegates From Liverpool's Trades Council

TO THE ZANESVILLE CONVENTION

G. W. Brownfield, Samuel Eardly and J. J. Weisend Were Elected at the Session Last Night—A Special Meeting Will Be Held Nov. 30.

The meeting of Trades council held last evening was very largely attended. President Eardly presided, and after the minutes had been read and approved the credential committee made their report, and the following new delegates were seated: H. B. Bullock, typographical union, 318; Victor Swanson, tailors, 354; Samuel Coventry, dishmakers, 29.

A communication was read from August Smith, secretary of the Ohio Federation of Labor, stating that the annual convention would be held at Zanesville, Tuesday, Dec. 6. The council decided to send three delegates, and 11 names were proposed. A great deal of time was spent in balloting, and the parties selected to represent the council were Charles W. Brownfield, Samuel Eardly and J. J. Weisend.

It was growing late and council adjourned after making arrangements to hold a special meeting Wednesday evening, Nov. 30, when arrangements will be made for paying the expenses of the delegates, and they will be given some instructions.

CHAUTAUQUA SALUTE

Was Given Captain Palmer at the First M. E. Church.

After prayer meeting at the First M. E. church was ended last evening, Doctor Crawford called Captain Palmer to the front, and the entire congregation arising gave him the Chautauqua salute. The whole ceremony was a surprise to the captain, who responded in a neat speech, and afterward at the request of Doctor Crawford, the people came forward and there was a season of hearty handshaking.

Captain and Mrs. Palmer left at noon today for Washington, Pa., in response to an urgent letter from Mrs. Hawkins, wife of Colonel Hawkins. She had learned that her husband and her son, Capt. Frank Hawkins, were ill, and was anxious to know of their condition, since they had written nothing. Colonel Hawkins had charged him before he left Manila to call on Mrs. Hawkins at the first opportunity, and he is losing no time in carrying out the order.

Excursion Rates For Thanksgiving.

For the accommodation of persons who wish to make Thanksgiving day trips, non-transferable excursion tickets will be sold Thursday, November 24, from ticket stations on the Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburg to any station on those lines within 150 miles of the selling point. Tickets for adults will not be sold for less than 25 cents, nor for children for less than 15 cents. Excursion tickets will be good returning up to and including Friday, November 25. For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

A Funeral.

The funeral of Charles Murphy Cowan took place this afternoon from his late home in Oak street, Doctor Crawford officiating. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

Union Soldiers on the way to Andersonville, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

All the news in the News Review.

PLAYED A WAR GAME.

HOW THE BIG MAN FLEECED THE SUBSTITUTE BROKERS.

The Tricky Six Footer Worked His Physical Defect to the Limit and Reaped a Rich Harvest While the Opportunity Lasted.

During the civil war in what was then a pretty village of Michigan and has since become a city without losing any of its beauty lived a strapping six footer who looked as hard as nails, dressed well, talked smoothly and was set up like a soldier. He had no means of support visible to the naked eye in the village which he called home, but he would make occasional trips from which he returned with plenty of money and a fund of interesting talk about some section of the north. The people thought him a mystery, but he was a pleasant one, and curiosity never went further than to ask ingenious questions that were just as ingeniously parried. After his harvest was at an end the mystery explained himself without reserve, and no one expressed serious disapproval of the way in which his wits had won him his money.

"It was a simple case of diamond cut diamond," he laughed. "I've been taking fleeces from the fellow that went out to shear. I'm not an Apollo Belvedere, Diomedes or Samson in appearance, but I pass in a crowd as a fine specimen of physical development. The truth is that I'm a whited sepulcher. I was born with a defective heart and would not take three minutes of real violent exercise for all the money you could load on a freight train. I take things easy all along the line, and the engine keeps pumping up to requirements.

"When I could see the end of what property was left me, and it was not far away, I cast about for some light work to do and concluded to deal with the substitute brokers. There was no chance of meeting the required medical examinations, so I took another tack. Whenever I visited a place in my business, I'd manage incidentally to fall in with the broker. I'm better than a raw hand as a jollier, and I'd soon have some mutual friends as innocent parties in the play.

"When it came in naturally, I'd chaff the broker about his business and ask what kind of a soldier I'd make. He would either jump open mouthed at the proposition or chaff back under an impression that I would never think of going to war. In either case it would usually come to some kind of a proposition from the broker. Then the other fellows would gape me, intimate that I was a bluffer and wonder how I was to get out of the thing without a clear funk.

"Here's where my fine work came in. I'd demand a retainer, and I'd put it high enough just to make the broker think that I was trying to escape him. If he would pay me a specified sum down, I would agree to appear at the recruiting office the next day and offer my services, but I gave notice that I assumed no chances. If they would not have me, the broker must stand the loss. The idea of my being rejected always raised a laugh and only tended to confirm the broker in the belief that I was trying to escape him. When the doctor turned me down, I went into the dumps, became nervously timid, aroused the sympathy of those with whom I had become acquainted and snapped an order to the disgruntled broker to keep clear away from me.

"The best haul I made was in Pittsburg. A coal baron there who could not well enlist and who had not been drafted wanted a representative in the army who would make a name honorable to that of the principal. He was after a big, handsome, intelligent fellow of whom he could be proud and put the whole matter into the hands of a shrewd little broker. I managed to meet him at the Monongahela House, and I worked around to the main subject in the manner I have described, but I could see that he was sharp and did not like to run any chances.

"While he went to dinner, after which we were to resume our talk, I went out and had a short conference with a huge truckman. When I again met the broker, that truckman insisted on bothering us and, after showing a proper amount of patience, I threw him half way across the office, and he went limping out, while all observers grew wide eyed in their wonder. I did not exert enough strength to throw a half grown boy five feet, but the truckman knew his business, and was paid \$20 for attending to it.

"That apparently cool courage and gigantic strength removed all doubt from the mind of the broker. I was the man he wanted, and he wanted me badly. I stuck out till I got \$2,000 as a 'retainer,' and then was rejected. I felt like giving the money back when the millionaire came around to condole with me and tell how disappointed he was in not having me for a substitute, but I didn't. It would have been an admission that I was not in a legitimate line of business."—Detroit Free Press.

The Sequel to the Joke.

Many years ago a visitor to Edinburgh was being shown over the high court of justiciary. He made some remark concerning the dock and its duties, and in reply the official jokingly

said the visitor might one day be sentenced to be hanged in that very room. The sightseer was the notorious Dr. Pritchard. Two years had barely passed when in the dock he had so closely inspected he was doomed to death for poisoning his wife and mother-in-law.—London Mail.

THE CYCLONE.

How This Wonderful and Destructive Air Fery Is Formed.

To get an idea of a cyclone's formation imagine a large circular pan or tub with quite a large hole in the middle of the bottom. With this hole plugged, fill the vessel with water; then draw out the plug and watch. There is first a rush of water from all directions toward the hole and a turbulent effort to get through. Then the water surface above begins to sink and swirl, the particles gradually circling around and around and rushing, ever faster, toward the center. At last there is actually a hollow space through the center, around which all the water in the tub is whirling, sluggishly near the rim, but with more and more violent rapidity toward the middle until it rushes downward through the bottom. Now, if that water were air, you would be watching a little cyclone turned upside down, for the air rushes upward instead of downward.

In the cradle of cyclones during the summer months, when the land and the water grow hotter and hotter because of the longer days than nights, a layer of air, hot, light and full of vapor, is for a time held down by denser air above it. Restless, expanding, tumultuous, it moves about like a beast at bay until a thinner place in the air above is found. Then up it madly rushes and into the vacuum left behind the lower atmosphere hastens from all directions, pushing and twisting and pouring upward until it has fallen into a regular spinning around a common center.

The cyclone, once formed, rushes away from the tropics toward the pole, and begins its career of destruction, bruising, wrecking and sinking the luckless ships which happen to be in its path. More and more of the surrounding atmosphere is drawn into the whirl until the storm often covers an area nearly 1,000 miles in diameter. Sometimes it flings itself upon our Atlantic coast and tears fiercely through forests, fields and cities. Then again it sweeps away across the broad ocean and dashes itself upon the coasts of Europe. Once in awhile it so adroitly avoids the land that we never know it has passed until ships come in torn and broken.—St. Nicholas.

BACKBONE OF OUR NATION.

The Brain Power of Our Country Comes From the Farms.

"It is from the farm and the country districts that the great brain power of the country has come, is coming today and must come in the future," writes Edward Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Instead of deprecating country life and saying that 'to live in the country means to live out of the world,' intelligent people know that the free, untrammelled life of the country unquestionably gives broader views. The human mind always grows to suit its outward surroundings. Originality and a development for great things have naught to check its growth where one can look with earnest eyes from nature up to nature's God. To speak of 'the ignorance of the rural regions' is to stamp oneself as an ignoramus, not the country people. There is a soundness of core and an intelligence in the back country of this nation of ours that people who live in cities and think themselves wise never suspect. We can talk all we like of 'social revolutions' and kindred evils that are supposed to threaten this nation. When they do threaten our institutions, the danger signal will not come from the back country. Such thoughts are born and fed amid the foul atmosphere of the cities. In the clear country air of the farm nothing threatens this country, and when anything in the shape of a socialistic, anarchistic revolution does menace this land the true voice which will stamp it out will come from the country. The backbone of this land rests in the country and on the farm."

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For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

The Simple Minded Duke.

The Duke of Wellington was largely endowed with that modesty or simplicity which makes a great man almost unconscious of his greatness. He met a lady friend, who was going to see a model of the battle of Waterloo, relates a writer in The Cornhill Magazine, and remarked to her: "Ah, you're going to see Waterloo. It's a very good model. I was at the battle, you know." Surveying a field of battle he could detect almost at a glance the weak points in the disposition of the contending forces, but he could never tell whether his dinner was cooked well or ill.

The Sycamore Tree.

The sycamore has been called the Egyptian fig tree. The date of its being planted in England is not known, but it was very early. Mary, queen of Scots, brought over from France a young sycamore, which she planted in the gardens of Holyrood, and from this have sprung all the beautiful groves of sycamores now to be seen in Scotland.

WELLSVILLE.

CAPT. NESSLEY VERY ILL

It is Feared That He Will Not Recover.

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The little snail is of a violet color and is therefore called ianthina. It has a small shell and there projects from the under part of the body a long, tongue-like piece of flesh. This is the raft, and it is built upon most scientific principles, for it has compartments in it for air. It is broad and the air compartments are underneath, so that it cannot capsize.

Moreover, the snail knows how to stow away its cargo, for the oldest eggs and those which hatch the soonest are placed in the center, and the lightest and newest on the sides of the raft. The ianthina fills its own air compartments by getting a globule of air underneath its head, the body is then curved downward beneath the raft, and the head being tilted on one side, the air rushes up and fills the spaces. It feeds on a beautiful little jellyfish, which has a flat, raftlike form with a pretty little sail upon it, and they congregate in multitudes when the sea is calm.

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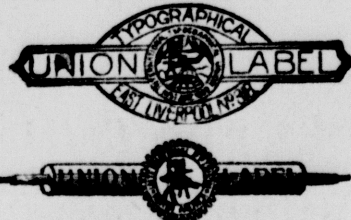
Test the News Review Job Department.

The News Review.

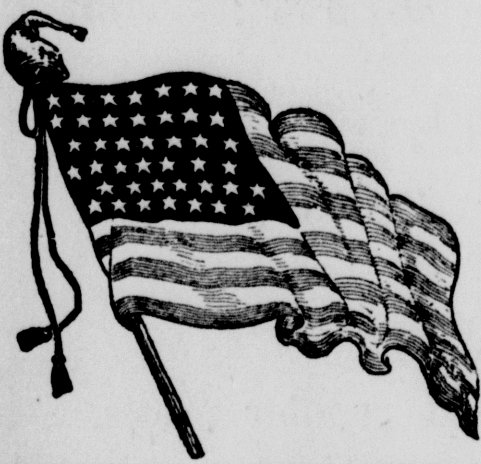
LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
Three Months.....1 25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, NOV. 17



UNION PAPERS.
All Union papers of East Liverpool are
known to the various craft and unions of
the city by the printing of the above
Union Labels at the head of their columns



THERE can be no reflection on President McKinley because some officers in the army chanced to prove themselves toughs and scoundrels. Rather should the responsibility fall upon congressmen through whose influence they were appointed. The President was too busy last May to examine personally into the character of every man recommended for a job.

JUDGE DAY.

The impression seems to be gaining ground that some Democrat is responsible for the suggestion that Judge Day would make a capital Republican candidate for governor. There are reasons for the assumption. Judge Day is one of President McKinley's closest friend and his nomination would array against him that element in the Republican party which believes it has a chance for victory against the President's friends. Thus at the commencement of the campaign would appear that the Democrats would be only too glad to see—open warfare in the Republican party.

Judge Day is a gentleman who would occupy the position with honor to himself and to Ohio, and he has thousands of friends throughout the state who will gather to his standard should he need their aid, but they want no Democrats to be interested in his nomination.

AN AMERICAN POLICY.

The future policy of this government is a matter of deep concern for every citizen without especial regard for his political belief. That it should be an American policy all will admit, the difference of opinion appearing when the details finally come for settlement, the great duty which cannot but rest with the people.

Would it be American for the finances of the country to be placed on a foundation that could easily be undermined, and, in its fall, carry down to ruin thousands of business concerns and myriads of individuals, even endangering the government? Would it be American to expend human life and treasure in wresting from a foreign foe an empire, and when the Stars and Stripes were firmly planted on the soil and the people had grown to bless this nation as their savior, to return that empire and its inhabitants to the former condition of slavery? Would it be American to save a great, fertile island, capable of sustaining in plenty a vast population, from the degradation to which it had sunk through hundreds of years of systematic, official robbery only to turn it over to the tender mercies of anarchy?

The NEWS REVIEW does not believe these things constitute an American policy that is worthy of the country and the people it represents. It does not think the millions of dollars expended in the greatest public school system the world has ever known are being wasted and the intelligence of the Republic will accept principles so narrow as its star of guidance. There must be something broader and better, something more in accord with the principles which make the liberty of America the wonder of the century.

See the surrender of Lee and Johnson, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

BAGLEY'S HOME-MADE Bread. BAGLEY'S Cakes. AND BAGLEY'S Pies.

All Leading Grocers.

The Bagley Co.
Office, 151 Second St
Phone 44.

NOT SO VERY WICKED

United Presbyterian Ministers
Have Views on Tobacco.

DELEGATES TO NEXT ASSEMBLY

Were Chosen by Steubenville Presbytery. Doctor Taggart and Reverend Greene Honored—New Preacher For Knoxville Will Be Installed In December.

Steubenville presbytery of the United Presbyterian church has adjourned after being in session at Piney Fork church. A large number of ministers were present, and there was a good representation of elders.

The opening sermon was delivered by Rev. J. R. Greene, retiring moderator, of this city, and Rev. T. H. Hanna, of Steubenville, was elected moderator.

The chief business of importance transacted was the election of commissioners to the general assembly which will meet in Philadelphia in May. The following were elected: Rev. J. M. Jamieson, D. D., of Hopedale; J. R. Greene and J. O. Taggart, D. D., of East Liverpool. Elders, Dr. S. C. Shane, of Steubenville; J. H. Wright, of Scio, and George P. Warren, of Knoxville. The financial agent's quarterly report shows \$4,821 paid of the \$8,591 required of the presbytery for missionary purposes. The trials for ordination of L. L. Gray, who was recently called to Knoxville, were sustained and arrangements made for his installation on Dec. 6. The following will take part in the ordination exercises: Revs. D. K. McKnight, D. D.; Elmer F. Gillis, W. T. Brownlee and W. Campbell.

The overtures of the general assembly on the use of tobacco were discussed and voted on. The overtures in substance are as follows: "The use of tobacco is sinful, and therefore inconsistent with Christian profession," and further proposes that no one shall be ordained to the office of the ministry or eldership who will not promise to abstain from the weed. The vote was largely opposed to putting it in the book as a condition of membership.

Rev. W. T. Brownlee, of Richmond, presided during the conference on "Optimism or Pessimism," and Rev. J. L. Acheson opened with an address on "Is the State Hopelessly Corrupt?" Rev. P. Barrackman, of Salineville, spoke on "Is the Church Dead or Decadent?" and Rev. J. O. Taggart on "Is Home Life Deteriorating?"

CHARLEY SMITH WON.

He Killed the Required Number of Rabbits In Two Days.

Charles A. Smith won the \$50 wager made with Joseph W. Geon that he could not shoot 60 rabbits in two days. The time limit was up last night, and Mr. Smith had placed 62 rabbits to his credit in two days. The loser will pay all the expenses of the hunt and for a supper to be given the victor.

The boys home on furlough, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

A small bottle of TONSILINE SORE THROAT

The same truth holds good with the worst case of SORE MOUTH.

Thousands have tried and endorse Tonsiline as a grand family remedy for Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy.

Every home needs Tonsiline always at hand, it saves dollars and lives.

25 and 50 cents. All druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

WILL ALWAYS FIGHT.

One of General Wheeler's Troopers Still Admires Him.

"You can just bet that General Wheeler is not done fighting if there is any more fighting to be done. He will be at it as long as he lives," said Major Morgan at the Thompson House last evening. The major resides in Atlanta, Ga., and served under General Wheeler during the Rebellion. Continuing he said: "The old fellow has that knack for commanding men which only results in success, and his daring has ever been unquestionable. I remember many a night march with a fight in the morning, and how the boys swore softly when they started. But when they knew Wheeler was in command there was not one of them but would follow him to the death. I was sorry," and the major looked down upon its comfortably appearing form, "that the government wouldn't let me go with him this time."

TONY FARRELL

And His Splendid Company Will Be Here In the Hearthstone.

"The Hearthstone" by James A. Herne will be presented by Tony Farrell and his excellent company at the Grand next Saturday. It is an Irish pastoral of the present day, and as its name suggests, a story of cottage life.

"The Hearthstone" will appeal to every class of playgoers, interspersed, as it is, with pathos and humor, free from the taint of sensationalism, and picturing life as it really is. Mr. Herne has written many beautiful plays, but none deserve a more cordial welcome than "The Hearthstone."

HUSTON-ALBRIGHT.

Doctor Crawford Performed the Ceremony This Afternoon.

Miss Florence Albright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Albright, of Spring street, was married at 5 o'clock this evening at the home of her parents to Mr. Thomas Huston, a prominent young man residing in Fifth street. The ceremony was performed by Doctor Clark Crawford, and was witnessed only by the immediate friends of the families.

Mr. and Mrs. Huston will leave for the east on the late train, where they will remain several weeks. Upon their return they will go to housekeeping.

FOR TEN DAYS

Will Amanda Smith, the Evangelist, Be Here.

Arrangements have been completed for the visit to this city of Amanda Smith, the celebrated colored evangelist.

She will arrive here Dec. 22, and will remain 10 days. The services will be conducted under the auspices of the African M. E. church, and most of the meetings will be held there, but other churches may be secured to accommodate the crowds.

WILL PRACTICE.

Local Football Men Will Do Some Work.

The local football players will have their first practice Monday evening.

New men have been secured to take the place of the Wellsville players, and the local boys think they will have but little trouble in winning. They will practice every evening until Thanksgiving, and should be in good shape by that time.

Little Success In Toronto.

The Mormon missionaries are not meeting with the greatest of success in Toronto, and failed to secure a hall in that village in which to hold a meeting. They then left for Cumberland after making their usual house to house canvass.

The ladies of the United Presbyterian congregation of Calcutta will serve a turkey dinner and oyster supper on Thanksgiving day, Nov. 24. Dinner from 12 to 2; supper from 6 p. m. All are cordially invited.

See the beautiful tableaux in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh," Nov. 24, 25 and 26.

CAUGHT A ROUGH GANG

One Claimed He Had Been Robbed of \$1,400.

CAME HERE FOR A RACE

Which Was to Be a Fake From Start to Finish—It Ended In Maxwell Obtaining the Money—Caught In California Hollow by Officer Bryan.

At 1 o'clock this afternoon Central fire station was notified that a man who gave the name of Beeler had been robbed of \$1,400. Officers McCullough and Rose were detailed to investigate the matter. Soon afterward they placed Cash Grim, or Grimes, of McKeesport; H. D. Cromer, of Scottdale, and Beeler under arrest, and took them to jail, pending further investigation. At 1:30 o'clock Officer Bryan brought in Ben Coin, alias Maxwell, of Canada.

The stories the men tell are very conflicting. Beeler was seen by a reporter and said:

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Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

Columbia Zithers

NO. 2

\$2.75 \$2.75

This week only. While they last.

SMITH & PHILLIPS.

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Tuesday, December 6, 1898,

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Said bonds are issued for the purpose of repairing and constructing certain streets and culverts in said city, and in pursuance of Sections 2835 and 2837 of the Revised statutes of Ohio and of an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance No. 573" passed the 10th day of October, 1898, authorizing their issue.

Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures, the gross amount they will pay for the bonds bid for in addition to the accrued interest at the date of delivery, and no bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest at the date of delivery.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check on some National Bank, in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500), payable to the order of the City of said City, as a guarantee that if the bid is accepted the bonds will be promptly paid for when delivered.

The City Council reserves the right to accept or reject any or all bids.

J. N. HANLEY, City Clerk.

Published in the East Liverpool News Review, November 3, 10, 17, 24 and December 1, 1898.

Valuable Real Estate For Sale.

I will sell at private sale the undivided one-half interest in the well known property, situated on the corner of Fifth and Market streets, East Liverpool, Ohio, known as the "Founts and Stevenson Block." Apply at once.

GEORGE HAMILTON, Admr.

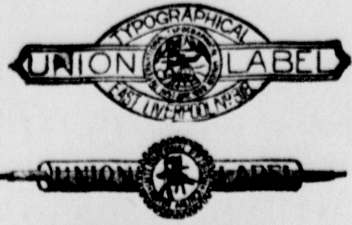
Of the Estate of John Founts, Dec'd.
193 Fifth Street.
November 16, 1898.

The News Review.

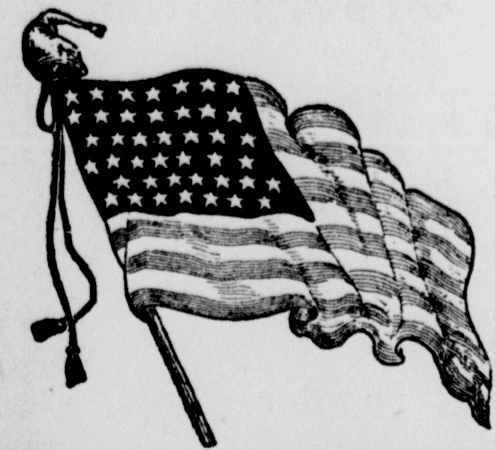
LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
Three Months.....1 25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, NOV. 17



UNION PAPERS.
All Union papers of East Liverpool are
known to the various craft and unions of
the city by the printing of the above
Union Labels at the head of their columns



THERE can be no reflection on President McKinley because some officers in the army chanced to prove themselves toughs and scoundrels. Rather should the responsibility fall upon congressmen through whose influence they were appointed. The President was too busy last May to examine personally into the character of every man recommended for a job.

JUDGE DAY.

The impression seems to be gaining ground that some Democrat is responsible for the suggestion that Judge Day would make a capital Republican candidate for governor. There are reasons for the assumption. Judge Day is one of President McKinley's closest friend and his nomination would array against him that element in the Republican party which believes it has a chance for victory against the President's friends. Thus at the commencement of the campaign would appear that the Democrats would be only too glad to see—open warfare in the Republican party.

Judge Day is a gentleman who would occupy the position with honor to himself and to Ohio, and he has thousands of friends throughout the state who will gather to his standard should he need their aid, but they want no Democrats to be interested in his nomination.

AN AMERICAN POLICY.

The future policy of this government is a matter of deep concern for every citizen without especial regard for his political belief. That it should be an American policy all will admit, the difference of opinion appearing when the details finally come for settlement, the great duty which cannot but rest with the people.

Would it be American for the finances of the country to be placed on a foundation that could easily be undermined, and, in its fall, carry down to ruin thousands of business concerns and myriads of individuals, even endangering the government? Would it be American to expend human life and treasure in warring with a foreign foe an empire, and when the Stars and Stripes were firmly planted on the soil and the people had grown to bless this nation as their savior, to return that empire and its inhabitants to the former condition of slavery? Would it be American to save a great, fertile island, capable of sustaining in plenty a vast population, from the degradation to which it had sunk through hundreds of years of systematic, official robbery only to turn it over to the tender mercies of anarchy?

The News Review does not believe these things constitute an American policy that is worthy of the country and the people it represents. It does not think the millions of dollars expended in the greatest public school system the world has ever known are being wasted and the intelligence of the Republic will accept principles so narrow as its star of guidance. There must be something broader and better, something more in accord with the principles which make the liberty of America the wonder of the century.

See the surrender of Lee and Johnson, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

BAGLEY'S HOME-MADE Bread, Cakes AND Pies

All
Leading
Grocers.

The
Bagley
Co.

Office, 151 Second St
Phone 44.

NOT SO VERY WICKED

United Presbyterian Ministers
Have Views on Tobacco.

DELEGATES TO NEXT ASSEMBLY

Were Chosen by Steubenville Presbytery.
Doctor Taggart and Reverend Greene
Honored—New Preacher for Knoxville
Will Be Installed In December.

Steubenville presbytery of the United Presbyterian church has adjourned after being in session at Piney Fork church. A large number of ministers were present, and there was a good representation of elders.

The opening sermon was delivered by Rev. J. R. Greene, retiring moderator, of this city, and Rev. T. H. Hanna, of Steubenville, was elected moderator.

The chief business of importance transacted was the election of commissioners to the general assembly which will meet in Philadelphia in May. The following were elected: Rev. J. M. Jamieson, D. D., of Hopedale; J. R. Greene and J. O. Taggart, D. D., of East Liverpool. Elders, Dr. S. C. Shane, of Steubenville; J. H. Wright, of Scio, and George P. Warren, of Knoxville. The financial agent's quarterly report shows \$4,821 paid of the \$8,591 required of the presbytery for missionary purposes. The trials for ordination of L. L. Gray, who was recently called to Knoxville, were sustained and arrangements made for his installation on Dec. 6. The following will take part in the ordination exercises: Revs. D. K. McKnight, D. D.; Elmer F. Gillis, W. T. Brownlee and W. Campbell.

The overtures of the general assembly on the use of tobacco were discussed and voted on. The overtures in substance are as follows: "The use of tobacco is sinful, and therefore inconsistent with Christian profession," and further proposes that no one shall be ordained to the office of the ministry or eldership who will not promise to abstain from the weed. The vote was largely opposed to putting it in the book as a condition of membership.

Rev. W. T. Brownlee, of Richmond, presided during the conference on "Optimism or Pessimism," and Rev. J. L. Acheson opened with an address on "Is the State Hopelessly Corrupt?" Rev. P. Barrackman, of Salineville, spoke on "Is the Church Dead or Decadent?" and Rev. J. O. Taggart on "Is Home Life Deteriorating?"

CHARLEY SMITH WON.

He Killed the Required Number of Rabbits In Two Days.

Charles A. Smith won the \$50 wager made with Joseph W. Geon that he could not shoot 60 rabbits in two days. The time limit was up last night, and Mr. Smith had placed 62 rabbits to his credit in two days. The loser will pay all the expenses of the hunt and for a supper to be given the victor.

The boys home on furlough, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

A small bottle of TONSILINE lasts longer than most any case of SORE THROAT

The same truth holds good with the worst case of SORE MOUTH.

Thousands have tried and endorse Tonsiline as a grand family remedy for Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy.

Every home needs Tonsiline always at hand, it saves dollars and lives.

25 and 50 cents. All druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

WILL ALWAYS FIGHT.

One of General Wheeler's Troopers Still
Admires Him.

"You can just bet that General Wheeler is not done fighting if there is any more fighting to be done. He will be at it as long as he lives," said Major Morgan at the Thompson House last evening. The major resides in Atlanta, Ga., and served under General Wheeler during the Rebellion. Continuing he said: "The old fellow has that knack for commanding men which only results in success, and his daring has ever been unquestionable. I remember many a night march with a fight in the morning, and how the boys swore softly when they started. But when they knew Wheeler was in command there was not one of them but would follow him to the death. I was sorry," and the major looked down upon its comfortably appearing form, "that the government wouldn't let me go with him this time."

TONY FARRELL

And His Splendid Company Will Be Here
In the Hearsthouse.

"The Hearsthouse" by James A. Herne will be presented by Tony Farrell and his excellent company at the Grand next Saturday. It is an Irish pastoral of the present day, and as its name suggests, a story of cottage life.

"The Hearsthouse" will appeal to every class of playgoers, interspersed, as it is, with pathos and humor, free from the taint of sensationalism, and picturing life as it really is. Mr. Herne has written many beautiful plays, but none deserve a more cordial welcome than "The Hearsthouse."

HUSTON-ALBRIGHT.

Doctor Crawford Performed the Ceremony This Afternoon.

Miss Florence Albright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Albright, of Spring street, was married at 5 o'clock this evening at the home of her parents to Mr. Thomas Huston, a prominent young man residing in Fifth street. The ceremony was performed by Doctor Clark Crawford, and was witnessed only by the immediate friends of the families.

Mr. and Mrs. Huston will leave for the east on the late train, where they will remain several weeks. Upon their return they will go to housekeeping.

FOR TEN DAYS

Will Amanda Smith, the Evangelist, Be Here.

Arrangements have been completed for the visit to this city of Amanda Smith, the celebrated colored evangelist.

She will arrive here Dec. 22, and will remain 10 days. The services will be conducted under the auspices of the African M. E. church, and most of the meetings will be held there, but other churches may be secured to accommodate the crowds.

WILL PRACTICE.

Local Football Men Will Do Some Work.

The local football players will have their first practice Monday evening. New men have been secured to take the place of the Wellsville players, and the local boys think they will have but little trouble in winning. They will practice every evening until Thanksgiving, and should be in good shape by that time.

Little Success In Toronto.

The Mormon missionaries are not meeting with the greatest of success in Toronto, and failed to secure a hall in that village in which to hold a meeting. They then left for Cumberland after making their usual house to house canvass.

The ladies of the United Presbyterian congregation of Calcutta will serve a turkey dinner and oyster supper on Thanksgiving day, Nov. 24. Dinner from 12 to 2; supper from 6 p. m. All are cordially invited.

See the beautiful tableaux in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh," Nov. 24, 25 and 26.

CAUGHT A ROUGH GANG

One Claimed He Had Been
Robbed of \$1,400.

CAME HERE FOR A RACE

Which Was to Be a Fake From Start to Finish—It Ended In Maxwell Obtaining the Money—Caught In California Hollow by Officer Bryan.

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Of the Estate of John Founts, Dec'd.
193 Fifth Street.
November 10, 1898.

MOLLOY SENT TO LISBON

Claims He Is Innocent of Larceny.

A COMPLAINT AGAINST BOYS

Who Damage West End School Property After Hours--Youngsters May Be Arrested For Playing Ball In Walnut Street--Police Court.

Bert S. Moloy, who was arrested Monday afternoon by Officers McCullough and Bryan and taken to jail where a charge of suspicion was placed against him, was given a hearing last night. Before this, and after a thorough investigation had been made of his case, a charge of larceny was filed against him by Chief Johnson. When he was brought into the court room he was well dressed, and had that self composure noted when he was arrested. The charge of larceny was read to him, and although the shirt and handkerchief found on him when he was searched Monday evening in the mayor's office were there, he pleaded not guilty. He was immediately bound over to court. This morning Chief Johnson took him to Lisbon, where he will await the action of the grand jury.

Yesterday Harry Peach, on behalf of the board of education, complained to the mayor of a crowd of boys who attend the West End school, and who amuse themselves at noon and after school in the afternoon by fighting and throwing gravel, thus damaging the school property. He was told the matter would be investigated and a detective sent to the scene.

A crowd of boys who have been playing football in Walnut street have caused some damage to property in that section, and unless the actions are stopped several arrests will be made.

No arrests were made during the night and the jail is now without an occupant.

The hat and 42 cents which Officer Mahony captured in a raid on Thompson Hill several months ago, are still at the mayor's office. No one has claimed the money and it will be converted into the police fund.

At noon today Mayor Bough left for Pittsburgh, where he spent the afternoon attending to some important business.

MR. BODEN KNOWS,

But He Will Not Talk of the Lisbon Bank Shortage.

National Bank Examiner Boden arrived in the city this morning, and when seen by a reporter and asked in regard to the shortage at the Lisbon bank, stated that he knew almost exactly what it would be, but was not at liberty to give it out until after it had been received and published by the comptroller of the currency. He stated that a man could hear all kinds of sensational rumors.

What action would be instituted against Child he did not know.

MRS. MANLEY'S FUNERAL.

It Was Attended by a Great Many Friends.

The funeral of Mrs. Jethro Manley who died at her home in Second street Saturday evening, took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. It was largely attended. Interment was made in Spring Grove cemetery.

Since the death of the woman an attempt upon the part of the family was made to find a daughter who has not been home for almost two years. In doing this they failed as no trace of her could be found anywhere.

MRS. HUGH MALEY

Is Very Ill and Her Death Is Hourly Expected.

Mrs. Hugh Maley, of Calcutta road, who has been suffering many months with a cancer in the neck, is not expected to live. Her condition during last night was very critical, and as the attending physicians have given up hope of saving her life, her death is hourly expected. She has undergone several operations.

AN OLD LADY

Died This Morning and Will Be Buried Sunday.

Mrs. Curby died this morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Bullock, College street, from the infirmities of old age.

Deceased was 86 years of age, and had resided here for many years and was well and favorably known. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Doctor Crawford officiating. Interment at Riverview.

—H. Cohen, of Salem, is in the city on business.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Doctor Toot returned to the city this morning, after spending several days in Washington C. H.

—Miss Nina Kinsey will entertain friends tomorrow evening at her home in Second street.

—Mrs. James Hughes, of Wheeling, is in the city the guest of her son, Al S. Hughes.

—J. E. English, son and daughter, of Columbia, Pa., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bagley in College street.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Beebout, of Mechanicstown, returned home this morning after a pleasant visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. West. Mrs. Beebout is a sister of Mr. West.

She Was Unduly Excited.

Bishop Selwyn was a hard worker and never spared himself. He was one day seizing an hour's much needed sleep on the bench of a little roadside station in Derbyshire, en route for a confirmation. A lady of some social distinction and her daughter were on their way to the same rite, the daughter as a confirmed. They went to the solitary porter and said they were afraid to pass the drunken man on the platform, to which the porter replied in tones of much solemnity: "If you please, my lady, it's the lord bishop!" —Mammy About People

England's "Rose Regiment."

The custom of wearing roses in their headgear by the Lancashire regiment on the anniversary of the battle of Minden originated in a curious manner. On the day of the battle, Aug. 1, 1759, the men passed through a field of roses, each man plucking a rose and placing it in his bonnet, wearing the flower during the fight. This commenced the custom which obtains at the present day of wearing roses on the anniversary of the battle.

New Telephones.

The construction gang of the telephone company from Wheeling are here putting in new lines in the city and Wellsville.

Many new phones have been put in the city in the last two weeks. Some of the latest subscribers are C. A. Trainer, Risinger Bros., Hand & Welch, Sears & Hinton.

Died in California.

A telegram received today states that the nine-weeks-old child of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Hamilton died last night in Pueblo, Col., from spasmodic croup. The family left here a week ago to spend some time in Colorado in the hope of benefiting the health of Mr. Hamilton.

Called Away.

T. B. Murphy was notified this morning of the death of Mrs. Murphy's sister, Miss Martha Coffin, at Brownsville, Pa. He will leave for that place in the morning. Mrs. Murphy has been there for five weeks.

Shipped to Canada.

Several car loads of sewer pipe were today shipped to Toronto, Canada, by the Knowles, Tayler & Anderson company. This firm is now sending a lot of pipe to Canada and the trade is increasing steadily.

Soldier's Sister Dead.

Private Walter Crewson, of Company E, has returned from Wooster to his home in Steubenville, where he was called by the death of his sister.

Preparing For Next Year.

A party of slaters from the city left this morning for the country, where they will put a roof on the country residence of J. D. West.

Soldier In Town.

Fred Griffiths, a member of the hospital division of the Eighth army corps, is in the city the guest of his uncle.

See the capture of Fatty Smith, in "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

BIG DAMAGES AWARDED

For Land the City Needs on Pennsylvania Avenue.

FIVE VERDICTS WERE RETURNED

Testimony For the Plaintiff in the East End Pottery-Deacon Case Was All in This Morning--Wellsville People Interested in a Suit.

LISBON, Nov. 17.—[Special]—The jury in the case of Liverpool against J. C. Thompson this morning brought in verdicts on five pieces of land along Pennsylvania avenue as follows:

J. C. Deidrick, \$70, no damages; W. J. Allen, \$45, damages \$210; Susan Har-ker, \$50, no damages; Lucy Hargraves, \$35, damages \$400; T. C. Forster, \$80, no damages.

The plaintiff in the case of the East End Pottery company against Joseph Deacon completed its evidence this morning. The case has been long drawn out, but will probably be finished today.

F. L. Reagel has sold to Hon. David Boyce lot 1884 in Liverpool for \$450; J. W. Reilly to Anna E. Simms, lot 1020, Liverpool, \$650; F. L. Reagel to Dr. J. C. Taggart, lots 1882-83, Liverpool, \$1,316.

Dan W. Fitzgerald, of Wellsville, has sued John S. Kiddey, Lillie Kiddey, John Q. Boring, and others, claiming \$500 with interest from Oct. 24, 1891, upon a note made by the Kiddeys, the payment being guaranteed by Boring. The note was secured by mortgage on part of lot 10, and foreclosure is asked, and pending the suit he asks for a receiver to collect the rents. W. A. Snediker was appointed and \$200 bond required.

NOTHING TO SAY.

Manufacturers Will Not Talk of the Trust.

A number of manufacturers returned from New York this morning, but they will not say a word of the trust or what was done in New York.

The News Review endeavored to obtain some information, but in every instance was met with the reply that nothing could be said at this time.

India Rubber.

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Incandescent Lamp is up to date---nothing better in the market. Price, 69¢ complete with shade,

Best mantle, 20c. Common, 15c.

Don't buy until you have seen the American.

Crepe tissue paper, all colors.....10c
Stand lamps at.....15, 20, 25, 30c
Lamp chimneys.....3, 4, 5, 8, 10c
Coal hods.....15c
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AT ZEB KINSEY'S
5 and 10.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

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They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O. For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

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Thursday and Friday, 17-18

November.....

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(late of Sousa's band).....

Miss Julia Gifford.....

Miss Carrie Godfrey.....Contralto

Miss Pearl Nightster.....

Mr. F. W. Walters.....Tenor

Mr. William Warren Shaw.....

Mr. George Andrews.....Baritone

Mr. G. Howard Williams.....

Mr. C. A. Parker.....Comedians

Mr. A. McArthur.....

Mr. T. J. Johnson.....

Presenting Lecocq's Famous Opera,

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BERT ANSLEY'S
City Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.
140 Fourth Street.

MOLOY SENT TO LISBON

Claims He Is Innocent of Larceny.

A COMPLAINT AGAINST BOYS

Who Damage West End School Property After Hours--Youngsters May Be Arrested For Playing Ball In Walnut Street--Police Court.

Bert S. Moloy, who was arrested Monday afternoon by Officers McCullough and Bryan and taken to jail where a charge of suspicion was placed against him, was given a hearing last night. Before this, and after a thorough investigation had been made of his case, a charge of larceny was filed against him by Chief Johnson. When he was brought into the court room he was well dressed, and had that self composure noted when he was arrested. The charge of larceny was read to him, and although the shirt and handkerchief found on him when he was searched Monday evening in the mayor's office were there, he pleaded not guilty. He was immediately bound over to court. This morning Chief Johnson took him to Lisbon, where he will await the action of the grand jury.

Yesterday Harry Peach, on behalf of the board of education, complained to the mayor of a crowd of boys who attend the West End school, and who amuse themselves at noon and after school in the afternoon by fighting and throwing gravel, thus damaging the school property. He was told the matter would be investigated and a detective sent to the scene.

A crowd of boys who have been playing football in Walnut street have caused some damage to property in that section, and unless the actions are stopped several arrests will be made.

No arrests were made during the night and the jail is now without an occupant.

The hat and 42 cents which Officer Mahony captured in a raid on Thompson Hill several months ago, are still at the mayor's office. No one has claimed the money and it will be converted into the police fund.

At noon today Mayor Bough left for Pittsburg, where he spent the afternoon attending to some important business.

MR. BODEN KNOWS.

But He Will Not Talk of the Lisbon Bank Shortage.

National Bank Examiner Boden arrived in the city this morning, and when seen by a reporter and asked in regard to the shortage at the Lisbon bank, stated that he knew almost exactly what it would be, but was not at liberty to give it out until after it had been received and published by the comptroller of the currency. He stated that a man could hear all kinds of sensational rumors.

What action would be instituted against Child he did not know.

MRS. MANLEY'S FUNERAL.

It Was Attended by a Great Many Friends.

The funeral of Mrs. Jethro Manley who died at her home in Second street Saturday evening, took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. It was largely attended. Interment was made in Spring Grove cemetery.

Since the death of the woman an attempt upon the part of the family was made to find a daughter who has not been home for almost two years. In doing this they failed as no trace of her could be found anywhere.

MRS. HUGH MALEY

Is Very Ill and Her Death Is Hourly Expected.

Mrs. Hugh Maley, of Calcutta road, who has been suffering many months with a cancer in the neck, is not expected to live. Her condition during last night was very critical, and as the attending physicians have given up hope of saving her life, her death is hourly expected. She has undergone several operations.

AN OLD LADY

Died This Morning and Will Be Buried Sunday.

Mrs. Curby died this morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Bullock, College street, from the infirmities of old age.

Deceased was 86 years of age, and had resided here for many years and was well and favorably known. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Doctor Crawford officiating. Interment at Riverview.

—H. Cohen, of Salem, is in the city on business.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PERSONAL MENTION.

--Doctor Toot returned to the city this morning, after spending several days in Washington C. H.

—Miss Nina Kinsey will entertain friends tomorrow evening at her home in Second street.

—Mrs. James Hughes, of Wheeling, is in the city the guest of her son, Al S. Hughes.

—J. E. English, son and daughter, of Columbia, Pa., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bagley in College street.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Beebout, of Mechanicstown, returned home this morning after a pleasant visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. West. Mrs. Beebout is a sister of Mr. West.

She Was Unduly Excited.

Bishop Selwyn was a hard worker and never spared himself. He was one day seizing an hour's much needed sleep on the bench of a little roadside station in Derbyshire, en route for a confirmation. A lady of some social distinction and her daughter were on their way to the same rite, the daughter as a confirmer. They went to the solitary porter and said they were afraid to pass the drunken man on the platform, to which the porter replied in tones of much solemnity: "If you please, my lady, it's the lord bishop!"—Mammy About People

England's "Rose Regiment."

The custom of wearing roses in their headgear by the Lancashire regiment on the anniversary of the battle of Minden originated in a curious manner. On the day of the battle, Aug. 1, 1759, the men passed through a field of roses, each man plucking a rose and placing it in his bonnet, wearing the flower during the fight. This commenced the custom which obtains at the present day of wearing roses on the anniversary of the battle.

New Telephones.

The construction gang of the telephone company from Wheeling are here putting in new lines in the city and Wellsville.

Many new phones have been put in the city in the last two weeks. Some of the latest subscribers are C. A. Trainer, Risinger Bros., Hand & Welch, Sears & Hinton.

Died in California.

A telegram received today states that the nine-weeks-old child of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Hamilton died last night in Pueblo, Col., from spasmodic croup. The family left here a week ago to spend some time in Colorado in the hope of benefiting the health of Mr. Hamilton.

Called Away.

T. B. Murphy was notified this morning of the death of Mrs. Murphy's sister, Miss Martha Coffin, at Brownsville, Pa. He will leave for that place in the morning. Mrs. Murphy has been there for five weeks.

Shipped to Canada.

Several car loads of sewer pipe were today shipped to Toronto, Canada, by the Knowles, Tayler & Anderson company. This firm is now sending a lot of pipe to Canada and the trade is increasing steadily.

Soldier's Sister Dead.

Private Walter Crewson, of Company E, has returned from Wooster to his home in Steubenville, where he was called by the death of his sister.

Preparing For Next Year.

A party of slaters from the city left this morning for the country, where they will put a roof on the country residence of J. D. West.

Soldier In Town.

Fred Griffiths, a member of the hospital division of the Eighth army corps, is in the city the guest of his uncle.

See the capture of Fatty Smith, in "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

BIG DAMAGES AWARDED

For Land the City Needs on Pennsylvania Avenue.

FIVE VERDICTS WERE RETURNED

Testimony For the Plaintiff in the East End Pottery-Deacon Case Was All In This Morning--Wellsville People Interested In a Suit.

LISBON, Nov. 17.—[Special]—The jury in the case of Liverpool against J. C. Thompson this morning brought in verdicts on five pieces of land along Pennsylvania avenue as follows:

J. C. Deidrick, \$70, no damages; W. J. Allen, \$45, damages \$210; Susan Harker, \$50, no damages; Lucy Hargraves, \$35, damages \$400; T. C. Forster, \$80, no damages.

The plaintiff in the case of the East End Pottery company against Joseph Deacon completed its evidence this morning. The case has been long drawn out, but will probably be finished today.

F. L. Reagel has sold to Hon. David Boyce lot 1884 in Liverpool for \$450; J. W. Reilly to Anna E. Simms, lot 1020, Liverpool, \$650; F. L. Reagel to Dr. J. C. Taggart, lots 1882-83, Liverpool, \$1,316.

Dan W. Fitzgerald, of Wellsville, has sued John S. Kiddey, Lillie Kiddey, John Q. Boring, and others, claiming \$800 with interest from Oct. 24, 1891, upon a note made by the Kiddeys, the payment being guaranteed by Boring. The note was secured by mortgage on part of lot 10, and foreclosure is asked, and pending the suit he asks for a receiver to collect the rents. W. A. Snediker was appointed and \$200 bond required.

NOTHING TO SAY.

Manufacturers Will Not Talk of the Trust.

A number of manufacturers returned from New York this morning, but they will not say a word of the trust or what was done in New York.

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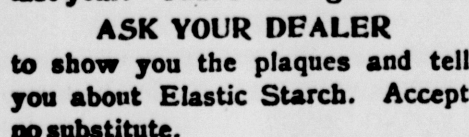
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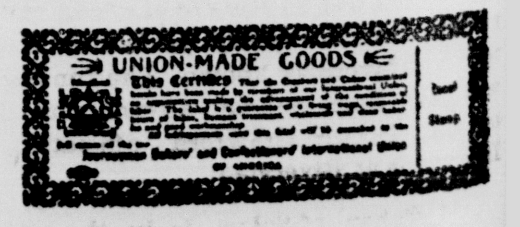
Homer, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Risinger, of 147 Chestnut street, who has been critically ill for several days, is greatly improved. He has been ill with spinal trouble.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 17.—A hospital train left Camp Hamilton with 35 patients for Fort Thomas, Ky. Forty-six patients remained.



HEALTH

nd in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker label:



REMEMBERED THE DEAD

Memorial Services For the Dead of the Eighth.

REPORT OF BOARD OF SURVEY

The Barracks Are More Comfortable Now That the Roof Has Been Repaired and the Heating Apparatus Is in Working Order—Trouble With a Citizen.

WOOSTER, Nov. 16.—[Special]—Inter- at yesterday centered in the memorial day program for the dead of the Eighth regiment. While the matter had been talked of for some time it did not take definite shape until Monday when the program of the exercises was arranged by Chaplain J. O. Campbell. The exercises were held on the public square and were of a very impressive nature. They were attended by large crowds, excursions being run from all the towns in which there were companies of the regiment. The departed members of E company are Okey J. Eddy, Francis Smith, Charler Sweitzer, Michael Eck and Edwin Holloway. David Carnahan was a member of K company. The following was the program:

Music—Regimental band; address—Col. C. V. Hard, president of the day; invocation—Rev. S. M. Glenn; music—Bacrus City band; address—Lieutenant Colonel Charles Dick; address—Major Edward Vollrath; music—Wooster City band; address—Major F. O. Bryan; address—Major O. C. Weybrecht; music, dirge—Regimental band; remarks—Chaplain J. O. Campbell; music—"God be with us till we meet again"—Regimental band; benediction—Rev. T. S. Struggles; music—"America"—United bands; taps—Regimental bugle corps.

The board of survey—Captains A. B. Critchfield, William Hill, M. A. Charlton, M. A. Fisher and Philip Yost—appraised ordnance in hands of regiment as follows:

570 Springfield rifles, at \$10 each	\$5,700 00
615 gun slugs	147 00
580 canteens	191 40
631 haversacks	374 55
627 canteen straps	62 70
631 haversack straps	115 79
12 waist belts	3 60
14,100 rifle cartridges	
674 meat cans	80 86
The value of the quartermaster's stores was placed as follows:	
300 blouses	\$ 936 00
148 trousers	807 36
234 canvas leggings	128 70
337 campaign hats	78 08
120 pairs shoes	226 80
406 blankets	1,148 98
	\$3,950 92

The administrator of Surgeon Farquhar has been ordered to appear in Wooster and give an accounting of the government property in his hands.

With ample steam and additional bedding and coverings and the roof so repaired that rain will not enter, the barracks are made as comfortable as possible. The only complaint of importance arises from the noisy members of the command who will not sleep during the night, and do all in their power to keep others from sleeping.

Private Arthur Teeple, of Company B, was the first man mustered out of the Eighth, receiving his honorable discharge Saturday evening, by special orders from the war department, for which he had waited for over two months. When the regiment, on their return from Cuba, were two days out from Santiago, word was received at Akron, by Mr. Teeple's brother that he had secured an appointment in the weather bureau, the civil service examination for the position that he had taken at Cleveland last spring, shortly before he enlisted, having proved successful. Ever since then he has been endeavoring to secure his discharge from the army to make sure of this permanent position, and succeeded at last only because it was in the government service.

Considerable excitement was created on East Liberty street, last evening, by a number of soldiers who were trying to lay hands on Lee Geiselman, superintendent of the water works. Just what led to the trouble is not known, but so far as we could learn the difficulty came about as the result of a misunderstanding between one of the members of Company I and Mr. Geiselman, during which Geiselman, after being called a file name, struck a soldier. Mr. Geiselman managed to get away. Had the men found him there doubtless would have been some trouble. While there is disposition to censure Mr. Geiselman for his act, those who profess to know say that he was greatly aggravated. On the other hand the men involved say Mr. Geiselman was to blame.

PRECIOUS METALS.

Gold and Platinum Are Cheap Compared With Some of Them.

"The majority of people when asked to name the most precious metals usually mention gold as first, platinum as second and silver as third," said the proprietor of a large assaying and refining establishment to the writer recently. "Now, let us see how near the truth they would be. Gold is worth about \$250 per pound troy, platinum \$130, and silver about \$12.

"We will now compare these prices with those of the rarer and less well known metals. To take them in alphabetical order barium, the metal which Davy isolated from its ore, baryta, in 1808, sells for \$950 a pound when it is sold at all, and calcium is worth \$1,800 a pound. Cerium is a shade higher. Its cost is \$160 an ounce, or \$1,920 per pound. These begin to look like fabulous prices, but they do not reach the highest point, chromium being \$200. Cobalt falls to about half the price of silver, while didymium, the metal isolated by Masander, is the same price as calcium. Then comes gallium, which is worth \$3,250 an ounce. With this metal the highest price is reached, and it may well be called the rarest and most precious of metals.

"Glucium is worth \$250 per ounce; indium, \$150; iridium, \$658 a pound; janthanium, \$175, and lithium, \$160 per ounce. Nidium costs \$128 per ounce; osmium, palladium, platinum, potassium and rhodium bring respectively \$640, \$400, \$130, \$32 and \$512 per pound. Strontium costs \$128 an ounce; tantum, \$144; tellurium, \$9; thorium, \$272; vanadium, \$320; yttrium, \$144, and zinconium, \$250 an ounce.

"Thus we see that the commonly received opinion as to what are the most precious metals is quite erroneous. Barium is nearly four times as valuable as gold and gallium more than 160 times as costly, while many of the other metals mentioned are twice and thrice as valuable. Aluminium, which cost \$8 and \$9 a pound in 1890, is now produced as cheaply as are iron, zinc, lead and copper."—Washington Star.

DELAUNAY'S SAD FATE.

A Presentation of His Death That Was Strangely Fulfilled.

Delannay, the director of the Paris observatory, was one of the most kindly and attractive men I ever met, says Professor Simon Newcomb in The Atlantic. I found it hopeless to expect that he would ever visit America, because he assured me that he did not dare to venture on the ocean. The only voyage he had ever made was across the channel to receive a gold medal of the Royal Astronomical society for his work.

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A heavenly paradise is that place
Wherein all pleasant fruits do flow.
There cherries grow which none may buy
Till "Cherry ripe" themselves do cry.

Those cherries fairly do inclose
Of orient pearl a double row,
Which when her lovely laughter shows
They look like rosebuds filled with snow.
Yet them nor peer nor prince can buy
Till "Cherry ripe" themselves do cry.

Her eyes like angels watch them still,
Her brows like bended bows do stand,
Threatening with piercing frowns to kill
All that attempt with eye or hand
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They have known the polar bear to take a stone or a huge lump of ice in his fore paws and from a favorable height, as a cliff or a precipitous ice hill, to hurl the missile down upon the head of a walrus, an enormous brute often twice the size of the bear, and so stun him that bruin could rush in and complete the destruction at his leisure, thus securing a month's rations.

The most usual food of the ice bear, as the Germans very appropriately call this beast, is the common seal of the arctic regions. The latter is the wariest animal of the north, and both Eskimo and polar bear need their best strategy to catch it.

In the summer time, when the snow is off the ice of the ocean shore and islets, the seals can be plainly seen as black dots on the ice, probably asleep, but always near their holes, which lead down through the thick ice to the water below, and into which they can throw themselves by the least movement. Bruin, seeing one afar, walks up as near as he deems safe and then begins crawling on his wary prey.

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HIGH GRADE
COLOR PRINTING,
ART CATALOGUES,
EMBOSSING,
HALF TONE WORK,
IM. LITHOGRAPHY,
IM. TYPE WRITER,
&c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CARE
FUL, CORRECT PRINT
ING, TO MAKE SOMETHING
ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
INVOICE SHEETS,
INVITATIONS,
FOLDERS,
CIRCULARS,
BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

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REMEMBERED THE DEAD

Memorial Services For the Dead of the Eighth.

REPORT OF BOARD OF SURVEY

The Barracks Are More Comfortable Now That the Roof Has Been Repaired and the Heating Apparatus Is In Working Order—Trouble With a Citizen.

WOOSTER, Nov. 16.—[Special]—Interest yesterday centered in the memorial day program for the dead of the Eighth regiment. While the matter had been talked of for some time it did not take definite shape until Monday when the program of the exercises was arranged by Chaplain J. O. Campbell. The exercises were held on the public square and were of a very impressive nature. They were attended by large crowds, excursions being run from all the towns in which there were companies of the regiment. The departed members of E company are Okey J. Eddy, Francis Smith, Charler Sweitzer, Michael Eck and Edwin Holloway. David Carnahan was a member of K company. The following was the program:

Music—Regimental band; address—Col. C. V. Hard, president of the day; invocation—Rev. S. M. Glenn; music—Bogrus City band; address—Lieutenant Colonel Charles Dick; address—Major Edward Vollrath; music—Wooster City band; address—Major F. O. Bryan; address—Major O. C. Weybrecht; music, dirge—Regimental band; remarks—Chaplain J. O. Campbell; music—"God be with us till we meet again"—Regimental band; benediction—Rev. T. S. Struggles; music—"America"—United bands; taps—Regimental bugle corps.

The board of survey—Captains A. B. Oritchfield, William Hill, M. A. Charlton, M. A. Fisher and Philip Yost—appraised ordnance in hands of regiment as follows:

370 Springfield rifles, at \$10 each.....	\$5,700 00
416 gun slugs.....	147 00
680 canteens.....	191 40
681 haversacks.....	374 55
627 canteen straps.....	62 70
681 haversack straps.....	115 79
12 waist belts.....	3 60
24,100 rifle cartridges.....	
474 meat cans.....	80 36
The value of the quartermaster's stores was placed as follows:	
300 blouses.....	\$ 936 00
348 trousers.....	807 36
224 canvas leggings.....	138 70
287 campaign hats.....	78 08
120 pairs shoes.....	226 80
406 blankets.....	1,148 98
	\$3,950 92

The administrator of Surgeon Farquhar has been ordered to appear in Wooster and give an accounting of the government property in his hands.

With ample steam and additional bedding and coverings and the roof so repaired that rain will not enter, the barracks are made as comfortable as possible. The only complaint of importance now arises from the noisy members of the command who will not sleep during the night, and do all in their power to keep others from sleeping.

Private Arthur Teeple, of Company B, was the first man mustered out of the Eighth, receiving his honorable discharge Saturday evening, by special orders from the war department, for which he had waited for over two months. When the regiment, on their return from Cuba, were two days out from Santiago, word was received at Akron, by Mr. Teeple's brother that he had secured an appointment in the weather bureau, the civil service examination for the position that he had taken at Cleveland last spring, shortly before he enlisted, having proved successful. Ever since then he has been endeavoring to secure his discharge from the army to make sure of this permanent position, and succeeded at last only because it was in the government service.

Considerable excitement was created on East Liberty street, last evening, by a number of soldiers who were trying to lay hands on Lee Geiselman, superintendent of the water works. Just what led to the trouble is not known, but so far as we could learn the difficulty came about as the result of a misunderstanding between one of the members of Company I and Mr. Geiselman, during which Geiselman, after being called a vile name, struck a soldier. Mr. Geiselman managed to get away. Had the men found him there doubtless would have been some trouble. While there is disposition to censure Mr. Geiselman for his act, those who profess to now say that he was greatly aggrieved. On the other hand the men involved say Mr. Geiselman was to blame.

PRECIOUS METALS.

Gold and Platinum Are Cheap Compared With Some of Them.

"The majority of people when asked to name the most precious metals usually mention gold as first, platinum as second and silver as third," said the proprietor of a large assaying and refining establishment to the writer recently. "Now, let us see how near the truth they would be. Gold is worth about \$250 per pound troy, platinum \$130, and silver about \$12.

"We will now compare these prices with those of the rarer and less well known metals. To take them in alphabetical order barium, the metal which Davy isolated from its ore, baryta, in 1808, sells for \$950 a pound when it is sold at all, and calcium is worth \$1,800 a pound. Cesium is a shade higher. Its cost is \$160 an ounce, or \$1,920 per pound. These begin to look like fabulous prices, but they do not reach the highest point, chromium being \$200. Cobalt falls to about half the price of silver, while didymium, the metal isolated by Masander, is the same price as calcium. Then comes gallium, which is worth \$3,250 an ounce. With this metal the highest price is reached, and it may well be called the rarest and most precious of metals.

"Glucium is worth \$250 per ounce; indium, \$150; iridium, \$658 a pound; janthanium, \$175, and lithium, \$160 per ounce. Nidium costs \$128 per ounce; osmium, palladium, platinum, potassium and rhodium bring respectively \$640, \$400, \$130, \$32 and \$512 per pound. Strontium costs \$128 an ounce; tantum, \$144; tellurium, \$9; thorium, \$272; vanadium, \$320; yttrium, \$144, and zirconium, \$250 an ounce.

"Thus we see that the commonly received opinion as to what are the most precious metals is quite erroneous. Barium is nearly four times as valuable as gold and gallium more than 160 times as costly, while many of the other metals mentioned are twice and thrice as valuable. Aluminium, which cost \$8 and \$9 a pound in 1890, is now produced as cheaply as iron, zinc, lead and copper."—Washington Star.

DELAUNAY'S SAD FATE.

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THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bonafide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

This morning a number of young men left for Neil station where they spent the day hunting.

A special Thanksgiving service will be held at the Second Presbyterian church next Sunday evening.

Work remodeling the Christian church was commenced this morning and will be rushed to completion.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cartwright will entertain friends this evening at their home in Fourth street.

George Bramer, who has been spending several weeks in Toronto and New Cumberland, returned to the city this morning.

The train due in this city at 7:14 o'clock last night did not arrive until almost 8 o'clock, caused by heavy freight traffic near Rochester.

A musical entertainment will be given this evening at the African M. E. church and the proceeds will be used for the benefit of the church.

The Bachelor Girls are this afternoon entertaining their married lady friends at the residence of Miss Minnie Thompson, Cook street.

C. A. Ferguson badly sprained his left ankle yesterday afternoon as he stepped from city hall. The injury is not serious.

The household effects of Charles Lawrenson were received at the freight depot, this morning. They were received from Pittsburg.

The East End Eagle Football club would like to arrange a game for Saturday with any team whose members average not more than 100 pounds.

John O. Campbell, inspector of the United States Car Service association, was in the city yesterday on business. He remained but a few hours, and then left for Wheeling.

Fireman Woods returned to the city last night from Carrollton where he has been for several days. He was a witness in the case of the state against Charles Perry.

The heavy fog which hung over the city this morning delayed the ferry boat from starting at its usual time. The fog cleared away at 10 o'clock when traffic on the river was resumed.

Chief Morley and Fireman Terrence, of the East End station, returned to the city yesterday afternoon from Lisbon where they have been attending court for several days.

Workmen yesterday commenced the work of placing a flagstone pavement in front of the Citizens' bank building in Washington street. The work will be completed by this evening.

The sportsmen of the city report quail hunting as being very good, and the birds are more numerous than they have been for several seasons. The only fault the hunters have to find is that they are unusually small.

The contest between St. Aloysius church of this city and the church of the Immaculate Conception of Wellsville will close December 10. A report of the collections will be made within a few days after the closing.

Miss McHenry, a teacher in the Central building who has been ill at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Adam, 232 Fourth street, for several days threatened with typhoid fever, was taken to her home in Beaver yesterday.

It is almost impossible to keep the main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road in proper shape, as the class H 4 engines are too heavy for the rail now used between this place and Rochester, and the road is always in bad condition.

It was stated this morning that the new Thompson building in Fifth street would be ready for occupancy about January 15. All the storerooms have been rented, and many of the office rooms in the second floor have been engaged.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

Table Linens.

For Thanksgiving. Perhaps you think of buying new linens. If so, we think you can do no better than buy them here---good qualities at pleasing prices.

TABLE DAMASK, unbleached, 60 inches wide, good quality, at 45c yard.

Unbleached Damask, large floral pattern, 62 inches wide at 50c.

Unbleached Damask, 68 inches wide floral pattern, as 60c yd.

Unbleached Damask, snow drop pattern, 68 inches wide, at 69c yd.

Better qualities in cream colored damask, 70 inches wide, in floral patterns, at 85c and \$1.00 yd.

BLEACHED DAMASKS.

Fair quality bleached linen at 50c yd.

Bleached Damask, 66 inches wide, polka dot pattern, nice quality, at 69c yd.

19 inch napkins to match, at \$1.75 per dozen.

Bleached Damask, 72 inches wide, snow drop pattern, at 75c. This is one of the best values in the lot.

21 inch napkins to match, at \$2.00 per dozen.

Two Splendid Values.

One is 72 inches wide, the other 68 inches wide; one is a neat floral pattern, the other a large scroll pattern at 89c.

24 and 22 inch napkins to match at \$3.00 and \$2.50 per dozen. At the next price, \$1, we have more and better styles than at any other. These run 68 inches to 72 inches wide, and come in neat and large patterns.

We match most of these in napkins at \$3 to \$4 a dozen. Other Table Damasks at \$1.25, \$1.40 and \$1.50 per yard. These are 72 inches wide, some of which we match in large size napkins, at \$3.75 and \$4 a dozen.

Plain White Damask, good quality, 72 inches wide, at \$1.25 yd.

TOWEL SPECIALS---Huck Towel, 21x24 inches, hemmed, blue or red borders, at 17½c each.

Fringe Damask, all linen towel, 24x41 inches at 29c.

Warm Winter Underwear.

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR---Heavy fleeced ribbed cotton underwear, vests and pants, at 25c per garment.

Better fleeced cotton at 50c per garment, or \$1 a suit.

Part wool, ribbed, fleeced underwear at 50c a garment, or \$1 per suit.

Part wool camel's hair vests and pants at 75c a garment, or \$1.50 per suit.

All wool camel's hair vests and pants at \$1 per garment, or \$2 per suit.

Union Suits in ecru, heavy ribbed cotton, at 50c, 75c and \$1 per suit.

Black Union Suits at \$2.50 each.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR---Heavy fleeced at 90c a suit.

All wool, brown, at \$2. Part wool, ribbed, fleeced, at \$2.

Wright's health fleeced underwear for men, at \$2.00 and \$4.00 per suit.

A Full Line

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Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

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We Still Have a Few Cheap Lots in Bradshaw Addition,

and a good business chance for some one with \$1,200 capital. Houses and lots from \$750 to \$1200.

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200 lbs. of fine homemade peanut candy 5c per lb.; 100 lbs. new dates 5c per lb.; 1/2 lb. 4 grapes 20c p r lb.; oysters 25c per quart; mixed nuts 10c per quart; oysters and lunch served.

Paid Up Stock

and Running Stock are now being issued by

The Potters' Building
and Savings Company.

Any amount desired.

ALL the News in the News Review.

THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bonafide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

This morning a number of young men left for Neil station where they spent the day hunting.

A special Thanksgiving service will be held at the Second Presbyterian church next Sunday evening.

Work remodeling the Christian church was commenced this morning and will be rushed to completion.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cartwright will entertain friends this evening at their home in Fourth street.

George Bramer, who has been spending several weeks in Toronto and New Cumberland, returned to the city this morning.

The train due in this city at 7:14 o'clock last night did not arrive until almost 8 o'clock, caused by heavy freight traffic near Rochester.

A musical entertainment will be given this evening at the African M. E. church and the proceeds will be used for the benefit of the church.

The Bachelor Girls are this afternoon entertaining their married lady friends at the residence of Miss Minnie Thompson, Cook street.

C. A. Ferguson badly sprained his left ankle yesterday afternoon as he stepped from city hall. The injury is not serious.

The household effects of Charles Lawrenson were received at the freight depot, this morning. They were received from Pittsburg.

The East End Eagle Football club would like to arrange a game for Saturday with any team whose members average not more than 100 pounds.

John O. Campbell, inspector of the United States Car Service association, was in the city yesterday on business. He remained but a few hours, and then left for Wheeling.

Fireman Woods returned to the city last night from Carrollton where he has been for several days. He was a witness in the case of the state against Charles Perry.

The heavy fog which hung over the city this morning delayed the ferry boat from starting at its usual time. The fog cleared away at 10 o'clock when traffic on the river was resumed.

Chief Morley and Fireman Terrence, of the East End station, returned to the city yesterday afternoon from Lisbon where they have been attending court for several days.

Workmen yesterday commenced the work of placing a flagstone pavement in front of the Citizens' bank building in Washington street. The work will be completed by this evening.

The sportsmen of the city report quail hunting as being very good, and the birds are more numerous than they have been for several seasons. The only fault the hunters have to find is that they are unusually small.

The contest between St. Aloysius church of this city and the church of the Immaculate Conception of Wellsville will close December 10. A report of the collections will be made within a few days after the closing.

Miss McHenry, a teacher in the Central building who has been ill at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Adam, 252 Fourth street, for several days threatened with typhoid fever, was taken to her home in Beaver yesterday.

It is almost impossible to keep the main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road in proper shape, as the class H 4 engines are too heavy for the rail now used between this place and Rochester, and the road is always in bad condition.

It was stated this morning that the new Thompson building in Fifth street would be ready for occupancy about January 15. All the storerooms have been rented, and many of the office rooms in the second floor have been engaged.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

Table Linens.

For Thanksgiving. Perhaps you think of buying new linens. If so, we think you can do no better than buy them here---good qualities at pleasing prices.

TABLE DAMASK, unbleached, 60 inches wide, good quality, at 45c yard.

Unbleached Damask, large floral pattern, 62 inches wide at 50c.

Unbleached Damask, 68 inches wide floral pattern, as 60c yd.

Unbleached Damask, snow drop pattern, 68 inches wide, at 69c yd.

Better qualities in cream colored damask, 70 inches wide, in floral patterns, at 85c and \$1.00 yd.

BLEACHED DAMASKS.

Fair quality bleached linen at 50c yd.

Bleached Damask, 66 inches wide, polka dot pattern, nice quality, at 69c yd.

19 inch napkins to match, at \$1.75 per dozen.

Bleached Damask, 72 inches wide, snow drop pattern, at 75c. This is one of the best values in the lot.

21 inch napkins to match, at \$2.00 per dozen.

Two Splendid Values.

One is 72 inches wide, the other 68 inches wide; one is a neat floral pattern, the other a large scroll pattern at 89c.

24 and 22 inch napkins to match at \$3.00 and \$2.50 per dozen.

At the next price, \$1, we have more and better styles than at any other. These run 68 inches to 72 inches wide, and come in neat and large patterns.

We match most of these in napkins at \$3 to \$4 a dozen.

Other Table Damasks at \$1.25, \$1.40 and \$1.50 per yard. These are 72 inches wide, some of which we match in large size napkins, at \$3.75 and \$4 a dozen.

Plain White Damask, good quality, 72 inches wide, at \$1.25 yd.

TOWEL SPECIALS---Huck Towel, 21x24 inches, hemmed, blue or red borders, at 17½c each.

Fringe Damask, all linen towel, 24x41 inches at 29c.

Warm Winter Underwear.

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR---Heavy fleeced ribbed cotton underwear, vests and pants, at 25c per garment.

Better fleeced cotton at 50c per garment, or \$1 a suit.

Part wool, ribbed, fleeced underwear at 50c a garment, or \$1 per suit.

Part wool camel's hair vests and pants at 75c a garment, or \$1 50 per suit.

All wool camel's hair vests and pants at \$1 per garment, or \$2 per suit.

Union Suits in ecru, heavy ribbed cotton, at 50c, 75c and \$1 per suit.

Black Union Suits at \$2.50 each.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR---Heavy fleeced at 90c a suit.

All wool, brown, at \$2. Part wool, ribbed, fleeced, at \$2.

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ALL the News in the News Review.

MRS. CARSE'S ADIEU.

Bade Farewell to W. C. T. U. Until Temple Is Paid For.

MISS WILLARD MEMORIAL CIRCLES

These Will Be Organized Throughout the World to Save and Sustain the Temple Enterprise--Dramatic Scene About Miss Willard's Vacant Chair.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 17.—The closing day of the twenty-fifth annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union of the United States was very full of business, many delayed superintendents' reports being heard in the intervals of business. The last of the temple was heard when Mrs. Matilda B. Carse of Illinois who, for 19 years, has been president of the Women's Temperance Publishing association, made her last report from that affiliated organization, and then, laying aside her report, delivered a brief and very touching farewell to those with whom she had so long been associated. She said she would not return until the temple was paid for. On Miss Gordon's motion she was asked to attend the next convention anyway.

In a dramatic scene on the front of the stage she clasped hands with Mrs. Stevens and Miss Gordon beside Miss Willard's vacant chair. The photographer, who had just come in to take a picture of the general officers, caught the group on the camera.

In announcing her retirement from the publishing association Mrs. Carse said she would fill once more her well-known column on the temple in The Union Signal, the organ of the W. O. T. U., after which it would be transferred to the columns of The Appeal, the publication which will be transferred from Nebraska to Chicago, to become the organ of the Willard Memorial circles, which will work on behalf of the temple.

In the afternoon the usual resolutions were adopted, those on Miss Willard's death and against the army canteens being new subjects, while the others had simply a new wording of the well-known sentiments.

The evening session was the farewell. Invitations for the next convention were presented by Seattle and Los Angeles, of the Pacific coast; Portland, Me.; Detroit, Niagara Falls, Cincinnati and a general invitation from the state of Texas. The choice of place was left to the executive committee.

Pennsylvania was awarded the old banner for largest membership. Ohio was given the old banner for increase in numbers.

In a brief interview with a reporter Mrs. Carse said the temple trustees will immediately send out memorial circulars all over the country, and around the world, for the organization of Willard memorial circles, to save and sustain the temple enterprise. The organ of circles will be The Appeal, to be hereafter edited by Mrs. Carse, at Chicago.

A temple rally was held here, and a large sum of money for the temple, and many names for The Appeal were subscribed.

THREE MORE DIED AT HONOLULU.

Woman Stowaway Put Ashore—Typhoid Broke Out on Arizona.

HONOLULU, Nov. 9, via San Francisco, Nov. 17.—The transport Indiana brought a woman stowaway, Sadie White. She was put ashore here. She claims to have a sweetheart on the Bennington. She was assisted in smuggling aboard by Private P. J. Moore of Company E. He was given 20 days in the guardhouse and a fine of \$10.

The transport Ohio left for Manila on the 7th; the Indiana followed her on the 8th. The Zealandia will sail on the 11th.

Typhoid fever broke out on the Arizona just as she was ready to sail for Manila.

General King is himself very sick. The Arizona will be held here until health conditions are better.

There are today nearly 300 patients under treatment at the various state hospital camps.

Private McKuren, Company M, First New York, died on the 3d inst. of typhoid.

Thomas F. Lennon, Company A of the First New York, died on the 4th inst. of typhoid. He was a native of West Stockbridge, Mass.

Corporal Oscar R. Wheeler, Company E, First New York, died on the 7th.

The appearance of smallpox on the quarantine island causes no alarm in town.

WANTS CONTROL OF CIENFUEGOS.

United States Government Hopes to Facilitate Harvest of Sugar Cane.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The United States government is anxious that the military forces shall have possession of the port of Cienfuegos, on the southern coast of Cuba, as soon as this can be arranged.

It has been represented to the officials here that the vast sugar cane fields in the province of Santa Clara, Cienfuegos being the port of entry for that province, are almost ripe and ready for cutting, that implements for the work, and oxen

for hauling the teams, should be sent into the district as soon as possible.

NOW A CAROLINE ISLAND.

Peace Commission to Obtain One For a Cable Station.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The acquisition of an island in the Caroline group, owned by Spain, will be part of the work of the Paris peace commission. Cable communication between the United States and Manila, via Honolulu, is regarded as desirable should we occupy the islands, and the distance between Honolulu and Guam island, in the Ladrone group, is so great as to make an intermediary station necessary.

Officials believe that one of the Caroline islands would be useful as such intermediary station. The acquisition of either of the two Caroline islands which are considered suitable for a cable station would involve a money consideration, and the United States will pay Spain a reasonable price for its relinquishment.

A CHILD KIDNAPED.

New Sensation in the Barnes-Magowan Case—Arrests at Erie.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 17.—Another chapter was added to the celebrated Barnes-Magowan affair here. The 7-year-old daughter of Mrs. Barnes was kidnapped by a woman, supposed to be her mother, and immediately taken out of the city. They were traced to Union station, but beyond that nothing is known. The child has been living with her grandfather, who was appointed her guardian.

Subsequently it was learned that the woman and child had taken a train on the Lake Shore road for the east. The police immediately began telegraphing police officials all along the route to arrest the woman, and expect to have them in custody before many hours have passed.

Meantime, Mr. Barnes has sworn out a warrant charging Mrs. Magowan with kidnapping.

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 17.—Frank D. Magowan of Trenton, his wife and Mrs. Dr. R. H. Wynn were arrested here charged with the abduction of 8-year-old Edith Beryle Barnes, a daughter of Mrs. Magowan, from Cleveland. A posse of officers met the train. The accused were taken before Justice McAndrew and held on a charge of abduction. When the trio was arrested at the depot Magowan showed a roll of bills to the detectives, but it would not do. Magowan has practically made arrangements for buying rubber works here and locating here permanently.

Receivers Named in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 17.—Auxiliary proceedings were begun in the United States circuit court here for the appointment of a receiver of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Fuel company. The applicants for the appointment of the receivers were Henry W. Putman and Charles J. G. Hall, trustees. The liabilities of the company are placed at \$1,200,000. The original suit was commenced in Chicago, the Security Title and Trust company of that city and John S. Jones being named as receivers. The court here appointed the same receivers.

Lieutenant Richards Engaged.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 17.—The engagement is announced of Miss Fannie Halbert Mills, daughter of United States Senator Roger Q. Mills, to First Lieutenant George Richards, United States Marine corps. Lieutenant Richards was appointed to the naval academy from Ohio. He is a brother of John K. Richards, late attorney general of Ohio, now solicitor general of the United States. The wedding is scheduled to take place in Washington on Dec. 7.

Threatened Contempt Proceedings.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 17.—Attorney General Monnet announced that today he would bring contempt proceedings against the Buckeye Pipe Line company for refusal to testify in the recent investigation of the Standard oil trust.

Negro Speakers to Protest.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The speakers at tonight's meeting in Cooper Union to protest against the recent killing of negroes in North and South Carolina will be General James R. O'Beirne, J. P. Peaker, the colored president of the State Summer League of Connecticut; T. Thomas Fortune and perhaps John Daney, the colored collector of customs for the port of Wilmington, N. C., who was driven from his post by fear of personal violence.

Medals Presented to Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Medals of honor from the citizens of this city were presented to Colonel Harries and the remaining officers and men of the First District of Columbia regiment who saw service in the war with Spain. The exercises occurred in Convention hall and were attended by President McKinley, accompanied by Secretary Porter, prominent citizens of the district and friends of the soldiers.

Congress of Baptists.

BUFFALO, Nov. 17.—The congress of Baptists considered "on what grounds should we accept the Biblical books as our Bible." "State help vs. self help or paternalism in government" was discussed. Prof. Shaller Matthews of the University of Chicago contributing a paper.

GETTING TROOPS READY

Remarkable Activity at the War Department.

THEORIES ARE BEING ADVANCED

But Particulars Are Not Now Being Made Public—Refusal to Muster Out Volunteers Recently Returned From Porto Rico Considered Significant.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—There has been remarkable activity about the war department in the way of preparing troops for service in lands beyond the United States. An order has been issued directing at least ten regiments of the regular army now stationed in northwestern forts and posts to hold themselves in readiness for immediate transportation and service in tropical climates.

It is believed that an early movement to Cuba is intended. Another belief entertained is that the United States government desires to be in a position to meet any conditions that may grow out of the pending peace negotiations. In this connection an intimation has got about to the effect that during the delay which has occurred Spain has been able to form some sort of coalition with European powers.

Another reason given for the proposed movement of the regulars to Cuba is that they are to replace the regiments which have given some trouble.

It may be that some of the regular regiments are destined to replace volunteers who have been pleading to be sent home.

An interesting feature of the matter is the refusal of the United States authorities to order the muster out of the volunteers who recently returned from Porto Rico.

As to the ten regular regiments every department of the government has been directed to prepare supplies for them and to arrange transportation as soon as they are ordered to leave.

IRRITATING TO ITALY.

French Only Left Raheita After Protest. Russia Refused Recognition.

ROME, Nov. 17.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by a report that a French warship recently landed an officer and some men at Raheita, in the Danakil country, on the west shore of Bab-el-Mandeb, the strait connecting the Red sea with the Indian ocean, and only re-embarked them after a protest by the Italian officials there.

The feeling of irritation is increased by the fact that Russia has refused to recognize an Italian protectorate over Raheita.

BLAMED GENERAL SHAFTER.

Witness Said He Ordered Ambulances Left in Tampa—Prevented Forwarding of Cooking Utensils.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Col. Jacobs, who had charge of the transportation facilities at Santiago, testified before the war investigating board, and he expressed the opinion that there were not a sufficient number of wagons. He thought there should have been at least one wagon to each troop or company in addition to those at headquarters. General Shafter's first order had been to take only 50 wagons. When General Miller went to Tampa he doubled the number, but even this order did not secure a sufficient number.

General McCook developed a quite animated episode by asking if there were any reason why the cooking utensils and camp equipment of the troops should not have been forwarded from Daiquiri to the troops in the field.

"There was no reason," Colonel Jacobs replied, "except that General Shafter's order forbade."

It was most specific in providing that only forage and rations should be forwarded. General Shafter's orders to this effect were written and the general had given him strict verbal instructions to see that the orders were observed. The food had been sent to the front cooked, but he thought the men should have had some facilities for cooking.

The order had never been changed during the month he remained at Daiquiri.

Dr. Conner asked whether orders had been given to leave all the hospital equipments behind at Tampa, and Colonel Jacobs responded that it was his impression such was the case. He had personal knowledge that General Shafter had given such an order concerning the ambulances.

"It was expected that there would be an engagement was it not?" asked the doctor.

"Certainly," responded the colonel. "We went there to fight."

"Then should there not have been some provision for taking care of the wounded?"

"I should say that these things should have been taken along."

"Then," continued Dr. Conner, "the medical department was left in the air and the quartermaster's department is responsible."

"The quartermaster's department could not have been responsible. We were acting under orders. I will swear that General Shafter told me not to

take the ambulances, though I do not recall that there were any distinct orders in regard to hospital equipments."

AGUINALDO HELD THE FRIARS.

Told Otis He Would Keep Them Until the Pope Was Undecided.

MANILA, Nov. 17.—General Otis, the commander of the American forces, recently proposed to Aguinaldo that he release the friars and civilians held in captivity throughout the provinces. The insurgent leader denied their maltreatment and refused to release the prisoners, claiming that the civilians had enlisted as volunteers and therefore were legitimate prisoners of war.

As to the friars, Aguinaldo argued that they are prohibited by the pope from accepting parochial appointments. But, he added, the Philippine clericals have deliberately and systematically deceived the pope, pretending that the country was barbarous, unfit for the regular ministry and that it was necessary that the monastic orders should administer the parishes. Therefore, Aguinaldo continued, he considered it necessary to detain the friars until the pope is undecided.

The Spanish papers here assert that a sanguinary mutiny has taken place on board the steamship Bernardino and that the native crew massacred their Spanish officers. These papers also appeal to the United States to control the natives. Advice from Iloilo say the natives of that city distrust Aguinaldo and want American domination.

THE LAMENT OF BLANCO.

Sorry to Surrender Cuba With Resources to Fight.

MADRID, Nov. 17.—Captain General Blanco, in a letter to Senator Tinado, said:

"The keenest sorrow of my life is surrendering Cuba, with an army of 150,000 men and 200 guns, to an enemy who claims to have conquered Cuba, while we are possessed of such resources."

YOUNG MAY LEAVE TODAY.

About All the Soldiers, Except a Guard, Away From Camp Meade.

CAMP MEADE, Pa., Nov. 17.—The end of Camp Meade will likely be reached today when General Young, commander of the Second corps, is expected to leave for Augusta, Ga. The signal corps expect to get away late in the afternoon.

A detail of about 100 soldiers will be left behind. They are from the various regiments and will look after personal supplies left behind.

Maria Teresa Probably Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The armored cruiser Maria Teresa has been abandoned by this time, and lies a wreck off the coast of Cat island. The department wired Captain McCalla to abandon her, if satisfied she cannot be saved.

FOR MONETARY LEGISLATION.

Payne Said Extra Session of Congress Was Expected.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 17.—The advisability of an extra session of congress next March, for the purpose of considering among other questions what is known as the McCleary bill, a monetary measure, was discussed at a conference between Henry C. Payne, national Republican committeeman from Wisconsin, and H. H. Hanna of Indianapolis, chairman of the National Sound Money League. Mr. Payne said an extra session, it was expected, would be held.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—A meeting of the executive committee of the National Sound Money League was held here. Congressman Fowler of New Jersey expressed the opinion that the president should be urged to call an extra session of the new congress, to be convened in the spring, for the enactment of the gold standard into a statute law and by the adoption of legislation for the credit currency of the country.

McKinley Likely to Go to Atlanta.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Captain Evan P. Howell of the war investigating commission practically completed arrangements with the president for a visit by Mr. McKinley to the Atlanta peace jubilee next month. If the Seventh corps is at Savannah he will visit it there.

Avenging Missidaries' Murder.

PRETORIA, Nov. 17.—The Boer forces, after a heavy musketry fire and artillery bombardment, stormed and captured the mountain stronghold of Chief Ppofu of the Masatos tribe. Opefu recently massacred a missionary and his family.

Actress Died in Theater.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Ethel Marlowe, a cousin of Julia Marlowe, died at the Knickerbocker theater during a performance of "The Christian," in which she played the part of Polly Love. She was 24 years old.

President Gave a Dinner.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The president and Mrs. McKinley entertained at dinner the joint high commissioners on the part of Great Britain and the United States.

Industrial Commission.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—P. H. Donnelly of Illinois was elected secretary of the industrial commission. W. E. Sackett of East Orange, N. J., was chosen chief clerk and disbursing officer.

WANT ARBITRATION.

Spain's Proposition on Philippine Article.

AMERICANS NOT LIKELY TO ACCEPT

Would Hardly Consent to Invoke Exterior Aid to Control the Terms of Their Own Protocol—The Conference Adjourned Until Saturday.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—In signifying their willingness to submit the Philippine article of the protocol to a third party for construction, the Spanish commissioners at the joint conference urged that, as there is obviously a difference of opinion regarding the phrase "the control, disposition and government of the Philippines," possibly the result of a misunderstanding, the Spaniards should no more be asked to surrender their view than the Americans to surrender theirs. The memorandum points out that a deadlock exists, which might be broken by arbitration on the contending views, to which the Spanish commissioners are quite ready to submit. The latter declare that they have no idea of suggesting arbitration as to the main issue, which touches the national honor of both sides, but they are willing to accept exterior aid to clear the path of negotiation.

It is safe to say that the American commissioners will not consent to invoke exterior aid to construe the terms of their own protocol.

Another part of the Spanish memorandum flatly asserts, upon the authority of M. Cambon's reports of the protocol negotiations between Washington and Madrid through him, that President McKinley at no time objected to Spain's reservation of her sovereignty in the Philippines. This allegation is directly opposed to the American record on the same subject. Judge Day's note to M. Cambon, dated Aug. 10 and already made public, informed him that Spain's note of Aug. 7, accepting the terms of peace laid down by the United States, was not explicit and proposed a protocol to reduce both parties to exactitude. The American commissioners now hold that the protocol itself was born of Spain's attempt to restore her Philippine sovereignty, though the present Spanish memorandum squarely challenges the contention.

The Spanish memorandum also asks why, if the United States objected to Spain's reservation of sovereignty, they did not plainly say so in the protocol and leave no room for argument. It asks why Judge Day's note of Aug. 10 did not clearly declare that the United States would not recognize such reservation and that the protocol was necessary to prevent a misunderstanding on that point. It also asks why did Judge Day's note practically ascribe the inexplicit form of Spain's acceptance of the peace terms to telegraphic errors, while the exact terms of Spain's reservation of sovereignty, as had in Washington before the protocol, are now being quoted in the proceedings here.

This portion of the Spanish memorandum is based upon letters written by M. Cambon at the time, purporting to describe interviews and transactions attending the peace terms and protocol.

On Saturday, the date fixed for the next meeting, the Americans will make their response, in the course of which it is not unlikely that the exact terms and precise time limit of their acceptance will be communicated.

SPANIARDS MAY BE MASSACRED.

Under Terms of Protocol United States Forces Can't Go to Iloilo.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—General Otis, in command at Manila, sent word that the province of Iloilo, in the island of Panay, which is technically occupied by the Spaniards, is surrounded by the insurgents and that fears are entertained that the Spanish population and garrison will be massacred by the insurgents.

The indications are that the present situation in Iloilo cannot be controlled by the United States army at Manila or the insurgent leaders there and if serious consequences are averted some other method will have to be adopted. The troops under General Otis are not available for any such duty and under the terms of the protocol, pending peace negotiations, it is not desirable to send a force from the army to the island of Panay. There is no intention at present of sending additional troops to General Otis or to reduce the available force under his command.

Glad Schley May Come.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Inquiries are reaching the secretary of the navy from Portsmouth, England, expressing pleasure at the news that Admiral Schley, with the new European squadron, is to pay the town of Portsmouth a visit, and asking the department to announce the date. This depends upon the settlement with Spain.

Ellerbe Replied to Toibert.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The government may investigate the circumstances of the chasing out of South Carolina of James W. Toibert. He sent a telegram to Governor Ellerbe asking protection, who replied that he would do all in his power to protect him, but didn't think it prudent for him to return until the excitement subsided.

Special Sale of Sample Shoes.

Just bought 200 pairs men's sample shoes—vica, kid, box calf, Russia calf and titan calf, in tan and black, sizes 6, 6½, 7, 7½ and 8, B and C wide, worth \$5 and 6,

Special Sale Price, **\$3.90**

W. H. GASS.

220 DIAMOND.

P. S.—Our Repair Dept. is in full blast. Work done quick and best by J. House.

THREE MEN WILL GO

As Delegates From Liverpool's Trades Council

TO THE ZANESVILLE CONVENTION

G. W. Brownfield, Samuel Eardly and J. J. Weisend Were Elected at the Session Last Night—A Special Meeting Will Be Held Nov. 30.

The meeting of Trades council held last evening was very largely attended. President Eardly presided, and after the minutes had been read and approved the credential committee made their report, and the following new delegates were seated: H. B. Bullock, typographical union, 318; Victor Swanson, tailors, 354; Samuel Coventry, dishmakers, 29.

A communication was read from August Smith, secretary of the Ohio Federation of Labor, stating that the annual convention would be held at Zanesville, Tuesday, Dec. 6. The council decided to send three delegates, and 11 names were proposed. A great deal of time was spent in balloting, and the parties selected to represent the council were Charles W. Brownfield, Samuel Eardly and J. J. Weisend.

It was growing late and council adjourned after making arrangements to hold a special meeting Wednesday evening, Nov. 30, when arrangements will be made for paying the expenses of the delegates, and they will be given some instructions.

CHAUTAUQUA SALUTE

Was Given Captain Palmer at the First M. E. Church.

After prayer meeting at the First M. E. church was ended last evening, Doctor Crawford called Captain Palmer to the front, and the entire congregation arising gave him the Chautauqua salute. The whole ceremony was a surprise to the captain, who responded in a neat speech, and afterward at the request of Doctor Crawford, the people came forward and there was a season of hearty handshaking.

Captain and Mrs. Palmer left at noon today for Washington, Pa., in response to an urgent letter from Mrs. Hawkins, wife of Colonel Hawkins. She had learned that her husband and her son, Capt. Frank Hawkins, were ill, and was anxious to know of their condition, since they had written nothing. Colonel Hawkins had charged him before he left Manila to call on Mrs. Hawkins at the first opportunity, and he is losing no time in carrying out the order.

Excursion Rates For Thanksgiving.

For the accommodation of persons who wish to make Thanksgiving day trips, non-transferable excursion tickets will be sold Thursday, November 24, from ticket stations on the Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburgh to any station on those lines within 150 miles of the selling point. Tickets for adults will not be sold for less than 25 cents, nor for children for less than 15 cents. Excursion tickets will be good returning up to and including Friday, November 25. For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

A Funeral.

The funeral of Charles Murphy Cowan took place this afternoon from his late home in Oak street, Doctor Crawford officiating. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

Union Soldiers on the way to Andersonville, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

All the news in the NEWS REVIEW.

PLAYED A WAR GAME.

HOW THE BIG MAN FLEECED THE SUBSTITUTE BROKERS.

The Tricky Six Footer Worked His Physical Defect to the Limit and Reaped a Rich Harvest While the Opportunity Lasted.

During the civil war in what was then a pretty village of Michigan and has since become a city without losing any of its beauty lived a strapping six footer who looked as hard as nails, dressed well, talked smoothly and was set up like a soldier. He had no means of support visible to the naked eye in the village which he called home, but he would make occasional trips from which he returned with plenty of money and a fund of interesting talk about some section of the north. The people thought him a mystery, but he was a pleasant one, and curiosity never went further than to ask ingenious questions that were just as ingeniously parried. After his harvest was at an end the mystery explained himself without reserve, and no one expressed serious disapproval of the way in which his wits had won him his money.

"It was a simple case of diamond cut diamond," he laughed. "I've been taking fleeces from the fellow that went out to shear. I'm not an Apollo Belvedere, Diomedes or Samson in appearance, but I pass in a crowd as a fine specimen of physical development. The truth is that I'm a whited sepulcher. I was born with a defective heart and would not take three minutes of real violent exercise for all the money you could load on a freight train. I take things easy all along the line, and the engine keeps pumping up to requirements.

"When I could see the end of what property was left me, and it was not far away, I cast about for some light work to do and concluded to deal with the substitute brokers. There was no chance of meeting the required medical examinations, so I took another tack. Whenever I visited a place in my business, I'd manage incidentally to fall in with the broker. I'm better than a raw hand as a jollier, and I'd soon have some mutual friends as innocent parties in the play.

"When it came in naturally, I'd chaff the broker about his business and ask what kind of a soldier I'd make. He would either jump open mouthed at the proposition or chaff back under an impression that I would never think of going to war. In either case it would usually come to some kind of a proposition from the broker. Then the other fellows would guy me, intimate that I was a bluffer and wonder how I was to get out of the thing without a clear funk.

"Here's where my fine work came in. I'd demand a retainer, and I'd put it high enough just to make the broker think that I was trying to escape him. If he would pay me a specified sum down, I would agree to appear at the recruiting office the next day and offer my services, but I gave notice that I assumed no chances. If they would not have me, the broker must stand the loss. The idea of my being rejected always raised a laugh and only tended to confirm the broker in the belief that I was trying to escape him. When the doctor turned me down, I went into the dumps, became nervously timid, aroused the sympathy of those with whom I had become acquainted and snapped an order to the disgruntled broker to keep clear away from me.

"The best haul I made was in Pittsburgh. A coal baron there who could not well enlist and who had not been drafted wanted a representative in the army who would make a name honorable to that of the principal. He was after a big, handsome, intelligent fellow of whom he could be proud and put the whole matter into the hands of a shrewd little broker. I managed to meet him at the Monongahela House, and I worked around to the main subject in the manner I have described, but I could see that he was sharp and did not like to run any chances.

"While he went to dinner, after which we were to resume our talk, I went out and had a short conference with a huge truckman. When I again met the broker, that truckman insisted on bothering us and, after showing a proper amount of patience, I threw him half way across the office, and he went limping out, while all observers grew wide eyed in their wonder. I did not exert enough strength to throw a half grown boy five feet, but the truckman knew his business, and was paid \$20 for attending to it.

"That apparently cool courage and gigantic strength removed all doubt from the mind of the broker. I was the man he wanted, and he wanted me badly. I stuck out till I got \$2,000 as a 'retainer,' and then was rejected. I felt like giving the money back when the millionaire came around to condole with me and tell how disappointed he was in not having me for a substitute, but I didn't. It would have been an admission that I was not in a legitimate line of business."—Detroit Free Press.

The Sequel to the Joke.

Many years ago a visitor to Edinburgh was being shown over the high court of judiciary. He made some remark concerning the dock and its duties, and in reply the official jokingly

said the visitor might one day be sentenced to be hanged in that very room. The sightseer was the notorious Dr. Pritchard. Two years had barely passed when in the dock he had so closely inspected he was doomed to death for poisoning his wife and mother-in-law.—London Mail.

THE CYCLONE.

How This Wonderful and Destructive Air Fury Is Formed.

To get an idea of a cyclone's formation imagine a large circular pan or tub with quite a large hole in the middle of the bottom. With this hole plugged, fill the vessel with water; then draw out the plug and watch. There is first a rush of water from all directions toward the hole and a turbulent effort to get through. Then the water surface above begins to sink and swirl, the particles gradually circling around and around and rushing, ever faster, toward the center. At last there is actually a hollow space through the center, around which all the water in the tub is whirling, sluggishly near the rim, but with more and more violent rapidity toward the middle until it rushes downward through the bottom. Now, if that water were air, you would be watching a little cyclone turned upside down, for the air rushes upward instead of downward.

In the cradle of cyclones during the summer months, when the land and the water grow hotter and hotter because of the longer days than nights, a layer of air, hot, light and full of vapor, is for a time held down by denser air above it. Restless, expanding, tumultuous, it moves about like a beast at bay until a thinner place in the air above is found. Then up it madly rushes and into the vacuum left behind the lower atmosphere bastes from all directions, pushing and twisting and pouring upward until it has fallen into a regular spinning around a common center.

The cyclone, once formed, rushes away from the tropics toward the pole, and begins its career of destruction, bruising, wrecking and sinking the luckless ships which happen to be in its path. More and more of the surrounding atmosphere is drawn into the whirl until the storm often covers an area nearly 1,000 miles in diameter. Sometimes it flings itself upon our Atlantic coast and tears fiercely through forests, fields and cities. Then again it sweeps away across the broad ocean and dashes itself upon the coasts of Europe. Once in awhile it so adroitly avoids the land that we never know it has passed until ships come in torn and broken.—St. Nicholas.

BACKBONE OF OUR NATION.

The Brain Power of Our Country Comes From the Farms.

"It is from the farm and the country districts that the great brain power of the country has come, is coming today and must come in the future," writes Edward Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Instead of deprecating country life and saying that 'to live in the country means to live out of the world,' intelligent people know that the free, untrammelled life of the country unquestionably gives broader views. The human mind always grows to suit its outward surroundings. Originality and a development for great things have naught to check its growth where one can look with earnest eyes from nature up to nature's God. To speak of 'the ignorance of the rural regions' is to stamp oneself as an ignoramus, not the country people. There is a soundness of core and an intelligence in the back country of this nation of ours that people who live in cities and think themselves wise never suspect. We can talk all we like of 'social revolutions' and kindred evils that are supposed to threaten this nation. When they do threaten our institutions, the danger signal will not come from the back country. Such thoughts are born and fed amid the foul atmosphere of the cities. In the clear country air of the farm nothing threatens this country, and when anything in the shape of a socialistic, anarchistic revolution does menace this land the true voice which will stamp it out will come from the country. The backbone of this land rests in the country and on the farm."

Pianists Practice Too Much.

"While studying with Rubinstein, Josef Hofmann practiced three hours a day," writes Mary B. Mullett of the famous pianist in The Ladies' Home Journal. "He believes that most students make the mistake of overpracticing. When he came to this country the first time, he was practicing an hour a day. For two years after his return to Germany he practiced two hours a day. During the next two years he averaged four hours daily, and after that, until he went to Rubinstein, six hours daily. This he regards as excessive.

"One's mind grows stupid and confused," Hofmann says, "and one's fingers follow the confusion of the brain. Another mistake of young pianists is that they use too much force in practicing. One should play just hard enough to keep the fingers and wrists from getting stiff. One is not aiming for artistic results as one is in concert playing. It is the fingers which need constant practice."

We never enjoy perfect happiness. Our most fortunate successes are mingled with sadness. Some anxieties always perplex the reality of our satisfaction.—Cornell.

THE SPEED OF A SHIP

METHODS BY WHICH ITS KNOTS PER HOUR ARE MEASURED.

An Interesting Description of the Mechanism and Use of the Log, With a Truthful Red Sea Shark Story Attachment.

"How do you ascertain the speed of a vessel?" is a question frequently addressed to naval men, and an explanation will therefore probably be of interest to many readers. There are several methods, the commonest and most ancient being by the use of the "log." This instrument consists of three parts—the logship, the line and the marks. The logship is a piece of wood about half an inch thick and shaped like a quadrant, with a piece of lead let in round the circular edge to make it float perpendicularly in the water. It is slung by lines at each angle, the three lines being joined together about two feet from the logship. Two of the lines are securely fixed to the ship and the other has a bone peg at the end, which, being pushed into a hole in the ship, temporarily fastens it there.

From the point of juncture of the three lines a sufficient length is measured, generally about 100 feet, to take the logship well clear of the ship's wash. This is called the "stray line" and is marked with a piece of bunting. From the bunting is measured 47 feet 3 inches, and the line marked here with a piece of leather. Then another 47 feet 3 inches is measured off and marked with two knots, then another space the same length, and marked with three knots, and so on as far as seven knots. Halfway between each batch of knots one single knot is made. The log line is then ready for use.

The space between the knots is found from the simple little rule of three sum: As 3,600 seconds (number of seconds in an hour), 28 seconds (length of strand-glass), 6,080 feet (number of feet in a nautical mile); length of line required—which works out to 47 feet 3 inches.

To use the log four persons are required—two men to hold the reel on which the line is wound; the quartermaster, to hold the glass, and the midshipman of the watch, to heave the log. The last named puts the peg firmly in the logship and then gathers three or four coils of line in his hand, sufficient to admit of the logship being thrown well clear of the ship. He asks, "Clear glass, quartermaster?"

"Clear glass, sir!" comes the reply, and overboard go the logship and line, the reel rapidly revolving. Presently the midshipman feels the piece of bunting passing through his hand, and he gives the order, "Turn." The quartermaster turns the glass and watches the sand while one "reeler" holds the reel well over his head, so as to give the line fair play. When the sand has run out, "Stop!" cries the quartermaster.

The midshipman grasps the line, assisted by the other reeler, and looks for the nearest knot, finding a single one close to his hand. Then the line is hauled in, and four knots appear, which signify that the ship is going four and a half knots through the water. The jerk of the line draws the peg from the logship, which now floats on its flat side and is easily hauled in. When a ship is going over four knots, a 14 second glass is used, the speed being double that shown by the knots on the line.

Another method in use is the patent log. This is altogether mechanical and consists of a long cylinder with clockwork ins de it and four fins on the outside. It is towed astern of the ship by a line made fast to a swivel in the head of it. As it is dragged through the water the four fins make it revolve, actuating the clockwork inside, which registers on a series of dials the number of knots run. This log has to be hauled in every time one wants to read it, but there is another kind where the fan is towed astern and the dial is a fixture in the ship. This is called a "cherub."

These logs are not always accurate, and are constantly verified when near land by cross bearings—that is, the bearings of two well known points are taken, and the position so obtained is marked on the chart, the time of observation being noted and the reading on the patent log. After an interval has elapsed the position of the ship is again taken by cross bearings, when the straight line joining the two places on the chart will show the direction of the course steered and its length the distance run. A comparison with the readings by patent log will give the error of the machine.

To finish here is a patent log yarn, as told by an old messmate. I give it in his own words: "When in the Crocodile in the Red sea, just after taking the reading one night at 8 o'clock, the quartermaster reported, 'Shark taken the patent log, sir!' I got another one over at once. At 9:30 next morning we stopped for half an hour. To amuse the ladies I tried for and caught a shark. On opening him we found our patent log, and," he added gravely, "strange to say, it registered the same as the one in use. The line had jammed between his teeth, the fan working all the time he followed the ship. He had swum just 122 7-10 miles."—Navy and Army Illustrated.

Russia has about 1,000,000 titled persons out of a population of 100,000,000.



When we read of a railroad wreck in which a hundred people are killed, we are filled with pity and horror. There are other dangers in this life a thousand times greater than that of the railroad wreck, only we do not have them brought so forcibly to our attention. Consumption does not kill a hundred people at once in one train. It does kill tens of thousands for every one that is killed by accident.

If a sufferer will resort to the right remedy before it is too late, consumption can be cured. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures 98 per cent. of all cases if taken in the earlier stages. It has maintained this record for thirty years. Many of those whom it has rescued from the verge of the grave have permitted their names, addresses, experiences and photographs to be printed in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This useful book is free, and any sufferer who wishes to investigate may procure it and write to those who were once sufferers themselves. For a paper covered copy send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It restores the lost appetite, corrects the impaired digestion, makes the liver active and the blood pure. Any medicine dealer who offers you something else said to be "just as good" is thinking about his pocketbook and not about your health.

"I have taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Favorite Prescription' with wonderful results," writes Mrs. Annie M. Norman, of Equinunk, Wayne Co., Pa. "I had consumption; the doctors said I'd die. The 'Golden Medical Discovery' cured me."

DONE SO QUIETLY.

East Liverpool People Are Surprised—Like a Ray of Sunshine to Many a Home.

It comes like a ray of sunshine.

Makes the old folks happy.

And the young folks joyful.

Takes the load off the back.

It is all done so quietly.

No fuss about it.

What is it?

Why, Doan's Kidney Pills!

The little Kidney Wonder-Workers.

What will they do?

Read what a citizen says: Mrs. A. Seagriff, No. 152 High street, East End, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney disease over a year ago which confined me to my bed for about three months. It affected my entire system and while I was able to be about I never got completely rid of it. I suffered almost constantly with a dull, heavy pain across the loins; if I sat for any length of time, or did anything that brought me into a stooping position and attempted to rise, there would be a sharp shooting pain in the small of my back that felt as if a knife or other sharp instrument had pierced me. I could not sleep when I went to bed, expecting to get rest. I was often robbed of it by nervousness and pain in my back. I have risen unretreated and more tired and worn out than I was when I retired. I had taken so much medicine without being cured that I was discouraged. I belong to the Daughters of Liberty and the Maccabees and notified them to drop me, but they refused to do so; this made me more determined than ever to get well, as I did not want to be a burden to them. Doan's Kidney Pills presented themselves in the form of a newspaper account. I got some at the W. & W. Pharmacy. They proved to be the proper remedy for me. Their mild and gentle influence gradually reduced the pain in my back and strengthened the weakness. All the symptoms having disappeared, I rested well at night and gained in strength and weight every day. Of course I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills; it would not be right to refuse to, for the benefit of other sufferers."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., some agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

AXAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—calling for Nervous, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indecencies. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a cure where all other fail. Resist upon having the genuine AXAX Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. 50 CENTS each case or refund the money. Price of 12 cases, \$5.00; or six cases (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circulars free). AXAX REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John J. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

The Simple Minded Duke.

The Duke of Wellington was largely endowed with that modesty or simplicity which makes a great man almost unconscious of his greatness. He met a lady friend, who was going to see a model of the battle of Waterloo, relates a writer in The Cornhill Magazine, and remarked to her: "Ah, you're going to see Waterloo. It's a very good model. I was at the battle, you know." Surveying a field of battle he could detect almost at a glance the weak points in the disposition of the contending forces, but he could never tell whether his dinner was cooked well or ill.

The Sycamore Tree.

The sycamore has been called the Egyptian fig tree. The date of its being planted in England is not known, but it was very early. Mary, queen of Scots, brought over from France a young sycamore, which she planted in the gardens of Holyrood, and from this have sprung all the beautiful groves of sycamores now to be seen in Scotland.

WELLSVILLE.

CAPT. NESSLEY VERY ILL

It is Feared That He Will Not Recover.

SUSTAINED INTERNAL INJURIES

When He Fell From the Balustrade at His Residence Last Sunday Night--Presbyterians Elect Officers--All the News of Wellsville.

The condition of Capt. W. W. Nessley, who fell over a balustrade at his residence last Sunday night, is now considered serious. It has been developed that in addition to dislocating his shoulder he sustained internal injuries, which it is feared will cause his death.

Doctor Hammond and Doctor Tarr were in consultation this morning.

Elected Officers.

The second congregational meeting of the First Presbyterian church was held last evening. P. Bruner and T. B. Jack were elected trustees. Miss Ada Noble was re-elected treasurer and W. W. Irwin secretary. It was announced officially that Rev. L. Finley Lafferty will accept the call of the church. It was also decided that extensive repairs be made to the parsonage. It is understood Reverend Lafferty will preach next Sabbath.

Dismissed.

The case of George Ranyon against George P. Dawson to recover payment on a horse that died one week after it was purchased, was dismissed by Squire Riley for lack of evidence.

Two Weddings.

B. O. Pyle and Miss Birdie Verner were married last evening at the residence of W. P. King by Rev. H. Newton Miller.

At 6 o'clock last night James Kincaid and Miss Mattie Williamson were married at the Christian church by Rev. H. Newton Miller.

News of Wellsville.

J. Clyde Swan is ill with grip fever. He has been confined to his home for the past week.

Miss Kate Aten, of Lisbon, is visiting her uncle, Henry Aten.

W. R. Lawson, who has been confined to his home by illness, is again able to resume his duty in the postoffice.

Miss Laura, youngest daughter of Rev. Earl D. Holtz, is very ill. The symptoms indicate fever.

T. P. Dolan, who has been off duty on the railroad for the past 10 days with a genuine case of grip, is again able to report for duty.

Mrs. L. I. Hutchison and Mrs. M. E. Sexton went on the morning train to Pittsburg.

C. E. Hutton, of Barnesville, is in town today on business.

Rev. H. Newton Miller left today for a two days' visit to Bethany, W. Va.

The largest congregation ever assembled at a prayermeeting in the Christian church attended services there last evening. There were six conversions and two conversions.

Much is being said concerning the proposed line to Lisbon, and the plan has many friends in this place. The sentiment however, is that Wellsville should be the end of the line.

Freight traffic on the Cleveland and Pittsburg is so great that even the company's old employes look on in wonder as train after train roll over the line. A Pittsburg newspaper claims that almost 100 engines are needed to do the work.

On the River.

The river is now hovering about the 10 foot stage, and the marks this morning registered 10.8 feet and falling slowly. There is still enough water in the river to allow coal to go south, but as the markets are full in the south it is useless to send it.

The Lorena, Greenwood and Cummings were up today and the Urania and Ben Hur will be down tonight.

Much live poultry is being purchased from all lower river boats when they tie in at the wharf.

New Football Team.

Charles Gallagher, a prominent young man of East End, will this evening attempt to organize a football team from among the employes of the Knowles, Taylor & Anderson sewer pipe works. That he will be successful there is little doubt.

See the grand battle scene, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh," Nov. 24, 25 and 26.

—Mrs. George Y. Travis is visiting her parents in Toronto.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

Table Linens for Thanksgiving.

This is the season of the year for replenishing your stock of Table Linens, Napkins and Towels. This week our Linen Department will offer you special inducements to buy Linens.

BLEACHED DAMASKS.

Plain satin damasks 72 inches wide at \$1 a yard. Plain satin Damasks with floral border 72 inches wide at \$1 and \$1.25 a yard. Polka dot, clover leaf and floral designs in bleached table linens, 70 and 68 inches wide at \$1, 85c, 75c, 69c and 50c a yard with napkins to match from \$2 to \$4.50 a dozen.

Unbleached Table Linens.

The best values the market produces in unbleached table linens at 75c, 69c, 50c, 40c and 25c a yard, 56 to 72 inches wide.

A Ribbon Drive at 18c a Yard.

About 1000 yards of fancy pure silk ribbons, 5 inches wide, regular retail price 50c, 40c, 35c and 25c a yard. All at one price and that a very low one, 18c a yard.

Sterling Silver Novelties.

Received this week a very choice selection of sterling silver novelties at popular prices. The most wonderful thing about them is the lowness of the prices.

New Jackets, New Furs.

This week we bought some New and Nobby Creations in Cloth Jackets and Fur Scarfs and Collarettes. These will be ready for your inspection by Saturday morning.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

A Wonderful Floating Snail.

There is a small snail which is so fond of the sea that it never comes to land and it builds such a capital boat for itself and its eggs that while large ships are sinking and steamers are unable to face the storm it tosses about in perfect safety.

The little snail is of a violet color and is therefore called ianthina. It has a small shell and there projects from the under part of the body a long, tongue-like piece of flesh. This is the raft, and it is built upon most scientific principles, for it has compartments in it for air. It is broad and the air compartments are underneath, so that it cannot capsize.

Moreover, the snail knows how to stow away its cargo, for the oldest eggs and those which hatch the soonest are placed in the center, and the lightest and newest on the sides of the raft. The ianthina fills its own air compartments by getting a globule of air underneath its head, the body is then curved downward beneath the raft, and the head being tilted on one side, the air rushes up and fills the spaces. It feeds on a beautiful little jellyfish, which has a flat, raftlike form with a pretty little sail upon it, and they congregate in multitudes when the sea is calm.

Sometimes specimens are washed upon the northwestern coast of France and when they are handled they give out a violet dye. —Philadelphia Press.

Microbes in Milk.

It will be readily granted that the inspection of milk and its sources of supply is of even more importance from a public health point of view than the inspection of meat, since milk is so largely used as the food of infants.

Milk immediately it is taken from the healthy cow contains no microbes. Hardly has the milk settled in the pail than they abound, so many as 10,000 in one-quarter cubic inch having been detected. The question which naturally presents itself is, "Where do they come from?" From the soiled teats, from the soiled hands of the workers, from the atmosphere of the milking shed and from the pails themselves. They possess the property of propagating very rapidly.

M. de Freudenrich of the Berne laboratory asserts that milk just drawn containing in one-quarter cubic inch 9,000 microbes seven hours later was found to contain 60,000. After a period of 25 hours had elapsed 5,000,000 microbes were present in the same quantity of milk, and if the temperature be raised to 95 degrees F. the microbial population of the same milk during the same time would reach the enormous total of 812,500,000.

Children appear particularly prone

to contract consumption through the agency of milk containing tubercle bacilli. —Chambers' Journal.

How We Walk.

In The Literary Digest appears a translation of a review of "Comment on Marche" ("How We Walk"), the latest book on the subject by Messrs. Regnault and Raoul. In this work it is claimed that we have been wrongly educated in walking and that the erect posture and firm step that we have been led to believe were evidences of health and strength are conventional and vicious.

M. Marey, who wrote the introduction to the volume, says that there is a style of walking that enables one, without excessive fatigue, to go distances of from 20 to 25 miles in a third of the time usually required. This may be accomplished by walking with the knees bent and the body inclined forward, a method which has been observed in professional pedestrians, mountaineers, peasants, hunters and soldiers fatigued by long marches. In not adopting this method, it is claimed that, as with all the other acts of life, we remain slaves of conventional aesthetics.

He Knows How Adam Felt.

A young man was recently taken to a Lewiston hospital and suffered the removal of a rib. When he came to himself, he was told what had been done and seemed satisfied. Shortly after he dropped into a semiconscious state and kept calling for "the woman." For two days he was delirious, and frequently called for "the woman." "I want to see the woman," he kept saying.

At last the nurse in desperation said, "Well, I'm the woman." The man looked at her critically from top to toe and said, "Who would have thought that they could have made such a pretty girl out of one of my ribs." And then he settled back on his pillow, and when he awoke again he was in his right mind and was better. —Kennebec Journal.

Ulcerated Teeth.

Never put a hot water bag to an ulcerated tooth. If the dentist is unavailable at the moment, apply an ice bag, which will reduce the swelling, and next to the gum lay a hot raisin.

WANTED.

WANTED—A man to place three days and dip three days each week. Steady position. Apply East Palestine pottery.

WANTED—Boarding and room in private family by young man of good character. Address O. E., care of News Review.

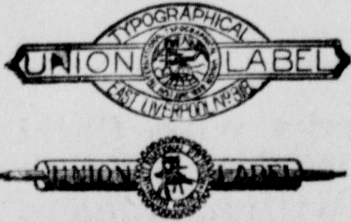
Have You Inspected It?— Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent
JOB and BOOK WORK
turned out at the....

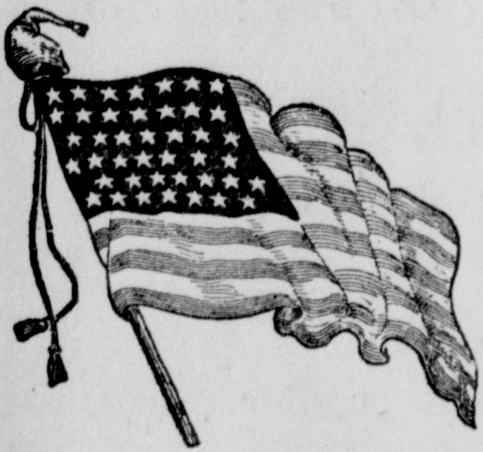
News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled
Workmen, Superb
Material. Thousands of
dollars worth of latest
Designs and Styles of
Type, Border and Novel-
ties. All work absolutely
guaranteed.

Test the
News Review
Job Department.



UNION PAPERS.
All Union papers of East Liverpool are
known to the various craft and unions of
the city by the printing of the above
Union Labels at the head of their columns



THERE can be no reflection on President McKinley because some officers in the army changed to prove themselves toughs and scoundrels. Rather should the responsibility fall upon congressmen through whose influence they were appointed. The President was too busy last May to examine personally into the character of every man recommended for a job.

JUDGE DAY.

The impression seems to be gaining ground that some Democrat is responsible for the suggestion that Judge Day would make a capital Republican candidate for governor. There are reasons for the assumption. Judge Day is one of President McKinley's closest friend and his nomination would array against him that element in the Republican party which believes it has a chance for victory against the President's friends. Thus at the commencement of the campaign would appear that the Democrats would be only too glad to see—open warfare in the Republican party.

Judge Day is a gentleman who would occupy the position with honor to himself and to Ohio, and he has thousands of friends throughout the state who will gather to his standard should he need their aid, but they want no Democrats to be interested in his nomination.

AN AMERICAN POLICY.

The future policy of this government is a matter of deep concern for every citizen without especial regard for his political belief. That it should be an American policy all will admit, the difference of opinion appearing when the details finally come for settlement, the great duty which cannot but rest with the people.

Would it be American for the finances of the country to be placed on a foundation that could easily be undermined, and, in its fall, carry down to ruin thousands of business concerns and myriads of individuals, even endangering the government? Would it be American to expend human life and treasure in wresting from a foreign foe an empire, and when the Stars and Stripes were firmly planted on the soil and the people had grown to bless this nation as their savior, to return that empire and its inhabitants to the former condition of slavery? Would it be American to save a great, fertile island, capable of sustaining in plenty a vast population, from the degradation to which it had sunk through hundreds of years of systematic, official robbery only to turn it over to the tender mercies of anarchy?

The NEWS REVIEW does not believe these things constitute an American policy that is worthy of the country and the people it represents. It does not think the millions of dollars expended in the greatest public school system the world has ever known are being wasted and the intelligence of the Republic will accept principles so narrow as its star of guidance. There must be something broader and better, something more in accord with the principles which make the liberty of America the wonder of the century.

See the surrender of Lee and Johnson, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

BAGLEY'S HOME-MADE Bread, Cakes AND PIES

All Leading Grocers.

The Bagley Co.

Office, 151 Second St
Phone 44.

NOT SO VERY WICKED

United Presbyterian Ministers Have Views on Tobacco.

DELEGATES TO NEXT ASSEMBLY

Were Chosen by Steubenville Presbytery, Doctor Taggart and Reverend Greene Honored—New Preacher for Knoxville Will Be Installed In December.

Steubenville presbytery of the United Presbyterian church has adjourned after being in session at Piney Fork church. A large number of ministers were present, and there was a good representation of elders.

The opening sermon was delivered by Rev. J. R. Greene, retiring moderator, of this city, and Rev. T. H. Hanna, of Steubenville, was elected moderator.

The chief business of importance transacted was the election of commissioners to the general assembly which will meet in Philadelphia in May. The following were elected: Rev. J. M. Jamieson, D. D., of Hopedale; J. R. Greene and J. C. Taggart, D. D., of East Liverpool. Elders, Dr. S. C. Shane, of Steubenville; J. H. Wright, of Scio, and George P. Warren, of Knoxville. The financial agent's quarterly report shows \$4,821 paid of the \$8,591 required of the presbytery for missionary purposes. The trials for ordination of L. L. Gray, who was recently called to Knoxville, were sustained and arrangements made for his installation on Dec. 6. The following will take part in the ordination exercises: Revs. D. K. McKnight, D. D.; Elmer F. Gillis, W. T. Brownlee and W. Campbell.

The overtures of the general assembly on the use of tobacco were discussed and voted on. The overtures in substance are as follows: "The use of tobacco is sinful, and therefore inconsistent with Christian profession," and further proposes that no one shall be ordained to the office of the ministry or eldership who will not promise to abstain from the weed. The vote was largely opposed to putting it in the book as a condition of membership.

Rev. W. T. Brownlee, of Richmond, presided during the conference on "Optimism or Pessimism," and Rev. J. L. Acheson opened with an address on "Is the State Hopelessly Corrupt?" Rev. P. Barrackman, of Salineville, spoke on "Is the Church Dead or Decadent?" and Rev. J. C. Taggart on "Is Home Life Deteriorating?"

CHARLEY SMITH WON.

He Killed the Required Number of Rabbits In Two Days.

Charles A. Smith won the \$50 wager made with Joseph W. Geon that he could not shoot 60 rabbits in two days. The time limit was up last night, and Mr. Smith had placed 62 rabbits to his credit in two days. The loser will pay all the expenses of the hunt and for a supper to be given the victor.

The boys home on furlough, in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

A

small bottle of

TONSILINE

lasts longer than most any case of

SORE THROAT

The same truth holds good with the worst case of SORE MOUTH.

Thousands have tried and endorse Tonsiline as a grand family remedy for Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy.

Every home needs Tonsiline always at hand, it saves dollars and lives.

25 and 50 cents. All druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

WILL ALWAYS FIGHT.

One of General Wheeler's Troopers Still Admires Him.

"You can just bet that General Wheeler is not done fighting if there is any more fighting to be done. He will be at it as long as he lives," said Major Morgan at the Thompson House last evening. The major resides in Atlanta, Ga., and served under General Wheeler during the Rebellion. Continuing he said: "The old fellow has that knack for commanding men which only results in success, and his daring has ever been unquestionable. I remember many a night march with a fight in the morning, and how the boys swore softly when they started. But when they knew Wheeler was in command there was not one of them but would follow him to the death. I was sorry," and the major looked down upon its comfortably appearing form, "that the government wouldn't let me go with him this time."

TONY FARRELL

And His Splendid Company Will Be Here In the Hearthstone.

"The Hearthstone" by James A. Herne will be presented by Tony Farrell and his excellent company at the Grand next Saturday. It is an Irish pastoral of the present day, and as its name suggests, a story of cottage life.

"The Hearthstone" will appeal to every class of playgoers, interspersed, as it is, with pathos and humor, free from the taint of sensationalism, and picturing life as it really is. Mr. Herne has written many beautiful plays, but none deserve a more cordial welcome than "The Hearthstone."

HUSTON-ALBRIGHT.

Doctor Crawford Performed the Ceremony This Afternoon.

Miss Florence Albright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Albright, of Spring street, was married at 5 o'clock this evening at the home of her parents to Mr. Thomas Huston, a prominent young man residing in Fifth street. The ceremony was performed by Doctor Clark Crawford, and was witnessed only by the immediate friends of the families.

Mr. and Mrs. Huston will leave for the east on the late train, where they will remain several weeks. Upon their return they will go to housekeeping.

FOR TEN DAYS

Will Amanda Smith, the Evangelist, Be Here.

Arrangements have been completed for the visit to this city of Amanda Smith, the celebrated colored evangelist.

She will arrive here Dec. 22, and will remain 10 days. The services will be conducted under the auspices of the African M. E. church, and most of the meetings will be held there, but other churches may be secured to accommodate the crowds.

WILL PRACTICE.

Local Football Men Will Do Some Work.

The local football players will have their first practice Monday evening.

New men have been secured to take the place of the Wellsville players, and the local boys think they will have but little trouble in winning. They will practice every evening until Thanksgiving, and should be in good shape by that time.

Little Success In Toronto.

The Mormon missionaries are not meeting with the greatest of success in Toronto, and failed to secure a hall in that village in which to hold a meeting. They then left for Cumberland after making their usual house to house canvass.

The ladies of the United Presbyterian congregation of Calcutta will serve a turkey dinner and oyster supper on Thanksgiving day, Nov. 24. Dinner from 12 to 2; supper from 6 p. m. All are cordially invited.

See the beautiful tableaux in the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh," Nov. 24, 25 and 26.

CAUGHT A ROUGH GANG

One Claimed He Had Been Robbed of \$1,400.

CAME HERE FOR A RACE

Which Was to Be a Fake From Start to Finish—It Ended In Maxwell Obtaining the Money—Caught In California Hollow by Officer Bryan.

At 1 o'clock this afternoon Central fire station was notified that a man who gave the name of Beeler had been robbed of \$1,400. Officers McCullough and Rose were detailed to investigate the matter. Soon afterward they placed Cash Grim, or Grimes, of McKeesport; H. D. Cromer, of Scottdale, and Beeler under arrest, and took them to jail, pending further investigation. At 1:30 o'clock Officer Bryan brought in Ben Coin, alias Maxwell, of Canada.

The stories the men tell are very conflicting. Beeler was seen by a reporter and said:

"We came here from Steubenville for the purpose of running a fake race. None of the people had any money, and I drew \$1,400 from the Farmers' and Drovers' bank at Waynesburg. I was to run with Cain alias Maxwell for \$700 a side. The race was run at Columbian park. I lost, and this morning Cromer, who acted as stakeholder and referee, stated that Maxwell wanted his money. As it was being counted Maxwell grabbed it and ran out. We were in O'Malley's saloon when it happened. Grim at this time grabbed my arms, and said don't shoot. The police were notified and here we are."

When Maxwell got the money he ran to Rinehart's stable in Seventh street and stated that he would give \$10 to be taken to East Palestine. Lyman Rinehart consented to drive him there, taking the California hollow road. When about a mile out of town they were overtaken by Officer Bryan who took Maxwell to jail. When searched the money which was alleged to have been stolen was found on his person.

As the mayor and Chief Johnson are out of the city nothing will be done in regard to the matter until this evening.

Character In the Eyebrows.

An arched eyebrow does not indicate the highest order of intelligence, but is expressive of great sensibility. Scant growth of the eyebrows denotes lack of vitality. On the contrary, heavy, thick eyebrows indicate a strong constitution and great physical endurance.

They are not beautiful on a woman's face, however much they may signify either mental or bodily vigor, and when they are not only heavy, but droop and meet at the nose, they are disagreeable and are said to accompany an insincere and prying nature. Long, drooping eyebrows, lying wide apart, indicate an amiable disposition. Where the eyebrows are lighter in color than the hair the indications are lack of vitality and great sensitiveness.

Faintly defined eyebrows placed high above the nose are signs of indolence and weakness. Very black eyebrows give the face an intense and searching expression. When natural, they accompany a passionate temperament. Very light eyebrows rarely are seen on strongly intellectual faces, although the color of the eyebrows is not accepted simply as denoting lack of intelligence. The form gives the key to the faculties and their direction. Red eyebrows denote great fervor and ambition; brown, a medium between the red and black.—Exchange.

The German Fire Department.

"I have the honor to announce, captain, that the fire is in the fourth story, and our ladders and hose will reach only to the second."

"Indeed? Then we'll have to wait till the fire gets down to the second." —Fliegende Blätter

The tongue is divided into three regions of taste, the first of which is chiefly sensible to pungent and acid tastes, the middle portion to sweets or bitters, while the back is confined entirely to the flavors of roast meats, butter, oils and rich and fatty substances.

Women Nameless In Korea.

The Korean woman has not even a name. In her childhood she receives a nickname, by which she is known in the family and by her near friends, but which when she arrives at maturity is employed only by her parents. To all other persons she is "the sister" or "the daughter" of such and such a one. After her marriage her name is buried—she is absolutely nameless. Her own parents refer to her by mentioning the district into which she has married. Should her marriage be blessed with children she is "the mother" of so and so. If it happens that a woman has to appear in a law court, the judge gives her a special name for use while the case lasts in order to save time and to simplify matters.—National Zeitung

She Could Choose.

There were twin babies in the neighbor's house, a great many babies little Ella thought.

"Mamma," she said, "the stork must have brought Mrs. Blank two babies so she could choose the one she liked best." —New York Staats-Zeitung.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER
Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.
—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

Columbia Zithers
NO. 2
\$2.75 \$2.75
This week only. While they last.
SMITH & PHILLIPS.
SALE OF BONDS.

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK.
EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO, November 2, 1898.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock, noon,
Tuesday, December 6, 1898,
for the purchase with accrued interest at delivery, of Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000) bonds of the City of East Liverpool, Ohio, bearing date the first day of September, 1898, and payable one bond annually from date, each being for the sum of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) and bearing interest at the rate of five (5) percentum per annum, payable semi-annually, both principal and interest being at the office of the Treasurer of said city.
Said bonds are issued for the purpose of repaving and constructing certain streets and culverts in said city, and in pursuance of Sections 2835 and 2837 of the Revised statutes of Ohio and of an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance No. 573" passed the 10th day of October, 1898, authorizing their issue.
Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures, the gross amount they will pay for the bonds bid for in addition to the accrued interest at the date of delivery, and no bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest at the date of delivery.
Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check on some National Bank, in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500), payable to the order of the City of East Liverpool, Ohio, as a guarantee that if the bid is accepted the bonds will be promptly paid for when delivered.
The City Council reserves the right to accept or reject any or all bids.
J. N. HANLEY, City Clerk.
Published in the East Liverpool News Review, November 3, 10, 17, 24 and December 1, 1898.
Valuable Real Estate For Sale.
I will sell at private sale the undivided one-half interest in the well known property, situated on the corner of Fifth and Market streets, East Liverpool, Ohio, known as the "Fontts and Stevenson Block." Apply at once.
GEORGE HAMILTON, Admr.
Of the Estate of John Fontts, Dec'd.
193 Fifth Street.
November 16, 1898.

MOLOY SENT TO LISBON

Claims He Is Innocent of Larceny.

A COMPLAINT AGAINST BOYS

Who Damage West End School Property After Hours--Youngsters May Be Arrested For Playing Ball In Walnut Street--Police Court.

Bert S. Moloy, who was arrested Monday afternoon by Officers McCullough and Bryan and taken to jail where a charge of suspicion was placed against him, was given a hearing last night. Before this, and after a thorough investigation had been made of his case, a charge of larceny was filed against him by Chief Johnson. When he was brought into the court room he was well dressed, and had that self composure noted when he was arrested. The charge of larceny was read to him, and although the shirt and handkerchief found on him when he was searched Monday evening in the mayor's office were there, he pleaded not guilty. He was immediately bound over to court. This morning Chief Johnson took him to Lisbon, where he will await the action of the grand jury.

Yesterday Harry Peach, on behalf of the board of education, complained to the mayor of a crowd of boys who attend the West End school, and who amuse themselves at noon and after school in the afternoon by fighting and throwing gravel, thus damaging the school property. He was told the matter would be investigated and a detective sent to the scene.

A crowd of boys who have been playing football in Walnut street have caused some damage to property in that section, and unless the actions are stopped several arrests will be made.

No arrests were made during the night and the jail is now without an occupant.

The hat and 42 cents which Officer Mahony captured in a raid on Thompson Hill several months ago, are still at the mayor's office. No one has claimed the money and it will be converted into the police fund.

MR. BODEN KNOWS,

But He Will Not Talk of the Lisbon Bank Shortage.

National Bank Examiner Boden arrived in the city this morning, and when seen by a reporter and asked in regard to the shortage at the Lisbon bank, stated that he knew almost exactly what it would be, but was not at liberty to give it out until after it had been received and published by the comptroller of the currency. He stated that a man could hear all kinds of sensational rumors.

What action would be instituted against Child he did not know.

MRS. MANLEY'S FUNERAL.

It Was Attended by a Great Many Friends.

The funeral of Mrs. Jethro Manley who died at her home in Second street Saturday evening, took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. It was largely attended. Interment was made in Spring Grove cemetery.

Since the death of the woman an attempt upon the part of the family was made to find a daughter who has not been home for almost two years. In doing this they failed as no trace of her could be found anywhere.

MRS. HUGH MALEY

Is Very Ill and Her Death Is Hourly Expected.

Mrs. Hugh Maley, of Calcutta road, who has been suffering many months with a cancer in the neck, is not expected to live. Her condition during last night was very critical, and as the attending physicians have given up hope of saving her life, her death is hourly expected. She has undergone several operations.

AN OLD LADY

Died This Morning and Will Be Buried Sunday.

Mrs. Curby died this morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Bullock, College street, from the infirmities of old age.

Deceased was 86 years of age, and had resided here for many years and was well and favorably known. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Doctor Crawford officiating. Interment at Riverview.

—H. Cohen, of Salem, is in the city on business.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Doctor Toot returned to the city this morning, after spending several days in Washington C. H.

—Miss Nina Kinsey will entertain friends tomorrow evening at her home in Second street.

—Mrs. James Hughes, of Wheeling, is in the city the guest of her son, Al S. Hughes.

—J. E. English, son and daughter, of Columbia, Pa., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bagley in College street.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Beebout, of Mechanicstown, returned home this morning after a pleasant visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. West. Mrs. Beebout is a sister of Mr. West.

She Was Unduly Excited.

Bishop Selwyn was a hard worker and never spared himself. He was one day seizing an hour's much needed sleep on the bench of a little roadside station in Derbyshire, en route for a confirmation. A lady of some social distinction and her daughter were on their way to the same rite, the daughter as a confirmer. They went to the solitary porter and said they were afraid to pass the drunken man on the platform, to which the porter replied in tones of much solemnity: "If you please, my lady, it's the lord bishop!" —Mammy About People.

England's "Rose Regiment."

The custom of wearing roses in their headgear by the Lancashire regiment on the anniversary of the battle of Minden originated in a curious manner. On the day of the battle, Aug. 1, 1759, the men passed through a field of roses, each man plucking a rose and placing it in his bonnet, wearing the flower during the fight. This commenced the custom which obtains at the present day of wearing roses on the anniversary of the battle.

New Telephones.

The construction gang of the telephone company from Wheeling are here putting in new lines in the city and Wellsville.

Many new phones have been put in the city in the last two weeks. Some of the latest subscribers are C. A. Trainer, Risinger Bros., Hand & Welch, Sears & Hinton.

Died in California.

A telegram received today states that the nine-weeks-old child of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Hamilton died last night in Pueblo, Col., from spasmodic croup. The family left here a week ago to spend some time in Colorado in the hope of benefiting the health of Mr. Hamilton.

Called Away.

T. B. Murphy was notified this morning of the death of Mrs. Murphy's sister, Miss Martha Coffin, at Brownsville, Pa. He will leave for that place in the morning. Mrs. Murphy has been there for five weeks.

Shipped to Canada.

Several car loads of sewer pipe were today shipped to Toronto, Canada, by the Knowles, Tayler & Anderson company. This firm is now sending a lot of pipe to Canada and the trade is increasing steadily.

Soldier's Sister Dead.

Private Walter Crewson, of Company E, has returned from Wooster to his home in Steubenville, where he was called by the death of his sister.

Preparing For Next Year.

A party of slaters from the city left this morning for the country, where they will put a roof on the country residence of J. D. West.

Soldier In Town.

Fred Griffiths, a member of the hospital division of the Eighth army corps, is in the city the guest of his uncle.

See the capture of Fatty Smith, in "Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

BIG DAMAGES AWARDED

For Land the City Needs on Pennsylvania Avenue.

FIVE VERDICTS WERE RETURNED

Testimony For the Plaintiff in the East End Pottery-Deacon Case Was All In This Morning--Wellsville People Interested In a Suit.

LISBON, Nov. 17.—[Special]—The jury in the case of Liverpool against J. C. Thompson this morning brought in verdicts on five pieces of land along Pennsylvania avenue as follows:

J. C. Deidrick, \$70, no damages; W. J. Allen, \$45, damages \$210; Susan Harker, \$50, no damages; Lucy Hargraves, \$35, damages \$400; T. C. Forster, \$80, no damages.

The plaintiff in the case of the East End Pottery company against Joseph Deacon completed its evidence this morning. The case has been long drawn out, but will probably be finished today.

F. L. Reagel has sold to Hon. David Boyce lot 1884 in Liverpool for \$450; J. W. Reilly to Anna E. Simms, lot 1020, Liverpool, \$650; F. L. Reagel to Dr. J. C. Taggart, lots 1882-83, Liverpool, \$1,316.

Dan W. Fitzgerald, of Wellsville, has sued John S. Kiddey, Lillie Kiddey, John Q. Boring, and others, claiming \$800 with interest from Oct. 24, 1891, upon a note made by the Kiddeys, the payment being guaranteed by Boring. The note was secured by mortgage on part of lot 10, and foreclosure is asked, and pending the suit he asks for a receiver to collect the rents. W. A. Snediker was appointed and \$200 bond required.

NOTHING TO SAY.

Manufacturers Will Not Talk of the Trust.

A number of manufacturers returned from New York this morning, but they will not say a word of the trust or what was done in New York.

The NEWS REVIEW endeavored to obtain some information, but in every instance was met with the reply that nothing could be said at this time.

India Rubber.

Not a little singular is the fact noted by chemists that, contrary to the general belief, natural india rubber is not waterproof. Indeed since the article has to be dried to be freed of its moisture the conclusion is obvious that it will absorb moisture again, and, according to experiments mentioned by E. Schulze in the Gummi Zeitung, it does so with certain rapidity.

It is found that rolled rubber plates, which by virtue of their treatment are in a somewhat compressed condition, absorb from 8 to 25 per cent of water in two hours. When the water is heated to about 120 degrees F., at increased pressure, the absorption takes place much more readily, and a piece of rubber, kept in a cylinder under a pressure of 140 pounds, absorbed 35 per cent of water in five minutes.

Oils, of course, stop the water. Vulcanized rubber remains dry, though not entirely so, and badly vulcanized goods deteriorate, owing to this reason. Schulze kept a plate of the best Para rubber in water not above 110 degrees F., and after 2½ months it had become a hopeless, smeary mass.

The Elaborate Chinese Novel.

It is a proof of the high degree of elaboration to which fiction literature in China has been carried that most of their novels are thickly interspersed with poems of all orders of merit. No stronger evidence could be afforded of the fact that whatever they lack it is not literary finish. If anything, they have this in excess. These poems are introduced in a variety of ways. The hero sends one in a billet doux to the heroine, or he overhears her singing one or perhaps a poetic contest is struck up, the fine on defeat being generally the compulsory drinking of so many extra flagons of wine. Wine drinking and poetizing almost invariably go together in Chinese novels, though whether they do so in real life we are unable to say. Above all things, every man who sets up to be anything in the way of a hero in Chinese fiction must be prepared to extemporize by the ream in inimitable poetry. Rev. G. F. Candlin in Open Court.

Punishment.

"The idea of sending children to bed early to punish 'em!" exclaimed Mrs. Cornstossel, who was discussing her city relatives. "That ain't any way to c'rect 'em."

"Of course it ain't," answered her husband. "If you want to convince 'em that you mean business, make 'em get up an hour or so earlier in the morning." —Washington Star.

The American

Incandescent Lamp is up to date---nothing better in the market. Price, complete with shade, **69c**

Best mantle, 20c. Common, 15c.

Don't buy until you have seen the American.

Crepe tissue paper, all colors-----10c

Stand lamps at-----15, 20, 25, 30c

Lamp chimneys-----3, 4, 5, 8, 10c


Coal hods-----15c

Stove pipe-----10c

Fenders-----35c

AT ZEB KINSEY'S

5 and 10.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

A Modern Battleship.

A battleship is not only a floating fortress, but is also a steam power plant of the largest size, with a greater variety and number of engines or machines than is ever dreamed of by the uninitiated. Of all this combination there is no portion that can be permitted to remain in a state of repose for any length of time without endangering its effective action when the emergency arises for which it was designed. It is only by constant use that they can be kept perfectly efficient.

On an armored cruiser like the Brooklyn of the United States navy, taking her as a sample of an up to date warship, between a battleship and an ordinary cruiser, there are altogether 81 separate engines, having a total of 156 steam cylinders.

Add in imagination to this number, imposing in itself, the vast quantity and extent of steam, exhaust and water piping needed to connect all these engines to the boilers, condensers and water systems, the thousands of valves to be kept workable and efficient. Then include the seven great boilers, capable of evaporating into steam, under forced draft, 185 tons of water an hour, and one can begin to comprehend the vastness of the steam plant of a modern ship. —Cassier's Magazine

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

TWO NIGHTS.

Thursday and Friday, 17-18

November.....

Special Engagement

ANDREWS OPERA COMPANY

40--SINGERS--40

A superb cast of America's Representative Operatic Artists, including

Miss Myrta French.....	Soprano
(late of Sousa's band).....	
Miss Julia Gifford.....	
Miss Carrie Godfrey.....	Contralto
Miss Pearl Nightser.....	
Mr. F. W. Walters.....	Tenor
Mr. William Warren Shaw.....	
Mr. George Andrews.....	Baritone
Mr. G. Howard Williams.....	
Mr. C. A. Parker.....	Comedians
Mr. A. McArthur.....	
Mr. T. J. Johnson.....	

Presenting Lecocq's Famous Opera, Thursday--Girofle Girofla. Friday--Two operas in one night--Cavalliera Rusticana and Pirates of Penzance.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

SATURDAY, NOV. 19th.

Engagement of the Popular Comedian.

MR. TONY FARRELL

Presenting James A. Herne's Great Pastoral Drama.

THE HEARTHSTONE

The play will be beautifully mounted with special scenery.

Prices, Boxes \$1, 75, 50, 35, 25c.

Seats on sale at Reed's.

The Iceland Geysers.

All the warm tints, from cream to russet, are found in the mineral deposit around the basin of the Great Geyser, Little Geyser, Strokkur (the Churn), and the Little Strokkur, while Blesi (the Blue One) is lined with exquisite white, like porcelain, making it a fitting vessel for the cooking of food and for furnishing boiling water for our tea and coffee. It was so smooth and beautiful that I seemed to be mutilating something rare when I chopped off pieces of its lining, but I knew they would be valuable souvenirs, and the uneasy, bubbling water would soon amend the deficiency.

The mud pools on this plain are the most dangerous, for they spout hot mud diagonally out of the earth. Coming upon them in one direction they are not seen, and many a visitor has gone home with a scalded foot. The hydraulic display is now very fitful, as inconsiderate tourists have injured the spouting fountains by loading stones into them to see them cast out, so you must take your tent with you and encamp on the plain to await the pleasure of their majesties. Blesi will serve you well while waiting. The Great Geyser had not spouted for a week when we were there, and such surliness indicated a near activity. The water spouted unusually high when it finally appeared, 150 feet, and showed all the tints of the rainbow, majestic at the same time and mysterious. It played for 15 minutes, and then its beautiful cascades subsided in feathery mist, a refined and graceful withdrawal. —International

"The Dirty Dozen."

The town of Groton, Vt., is terrorized by hoodlums. A secret organization has been formed, known as "The Dirty Dozen," whose sole purpose is to perpetrate unlawful and shameful deeds. Because of the actions of these thugs many women assert they dare not be on the street in the evening. —Exchange.



For That Bald Spot.

The time to check baldness is when it first begins to make its unwelcome appearance. The thing to check it with is

OUR HAIR TONIC.

It is a natural scalp food. It not only stops the hair from coming out, but it makes new hair grow where it has fallen out. Try it. It's only 50c a bottle at

BERT ANSLEY'S

City Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.

140 Fourth Street.

LISBON JAIL IS BAD

County Board of Visitors Condemn It.

CITY JAILS NEED IMPROVEMENT

The Report Shows That Little Has Been Done In That Direction In The Southern Part of the County and the North Is Even Worse.

LISBON, Nov. 17.—[Special]—The board of visitors for Columbiana county has made its report ending Nov. 15.

The board heartily condemns the county jail in the first item, and asks in the name of humanity for a modern building properly arranged. It commends the management of Fairmount home and the infirmary, but recommends permanent state homes for incurable feeble minded and epileptic persons, and for children suffering from diseases which prohibit them from entering children's home. It also recommends telephone connection from the infirmary with the nearest central.

In speaking of the various city jails the board says those in the southern part of the county are somewhat improved over last year, but it cannot say much for them yet. That of Salem has been improved somewhat, but Lisbon's is as bad as ever.

The report is signed by Dr. William Moore, president; Mrs. Frank Mercer, secretary; Mrs. Emma Palmer, Mrs. Lyde Aten, W. C. Wallace and Robert Ellison.

ANDREWS OPERA COMPANY.

A Season of Good Music Begins This Evening.

The Andrews Opera company, always favorites with East Liverpool people, will open an engagement at the Grand tonight, and indications are that they will be greeted by a crowded house.

The company will present "Giroffe Giroffe," and tomorrow night two operas, "Pirates of Penzance" and "Cavalliera Rusticana" will be presented.

The soloists and chorus are the best procurable, and from past experiences the lovers of good music in the city know they will not be disappointed at any performance of the Andrews company they may attend.

FOUGHT IN AN ALLEY.

Tough Customers at War Over Some Whisky.

Several tough characters under the influence of liquor became involved in a quarrel in Pink alley near Market street last night. The trouble was caused by one of the principals stating that a flask of whisky had been taken from him, and suspicion rested upon the other fellow. After several blows were struck the crowd dispersed.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHEVY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

Another Big Day.

Business at the freight depot yesterday was very brisk, especially so was it during the afternoon. As a matter of fact the rollers were busy during the morning, but during the afternoon more freight was received than they could well handle.

A large number of cars were loaded during the day, and the business for the week promises to be very large.

Some of the Sick.

The son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward McMillan, of Seventh street, who has been seriously ill with stomach trouble for several weeks is greatly improved. He is now out of danger.

Homer, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rinsinger, of 147 Chestnut street, who has been critically ill for several days, is greatly improved. He has been ill with spinal trouble.

SNUBBED AGUINALDO.

Merritt Said He Did So—Would Not Comment Upon What Was Done Before He Arrived.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—General Wesley Merritt, U. S. A., read the letter of complaint against American officials addressed by the so-called Filipino junta of Hongkong to President McKinley. In discussing the Filipinos, the American general refers to them as "children," and says it would be impossible to establish American government in the islands. He added that they must have some form of colonial government similar to the British colonial governments.

He further said: "It was impossible to recognize the insurgents and I made it a point not to do so, as I know it would lead to complications. Admiral Dewey, after my arrival, pursued the same course. What was done before is not for me to comment on."

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 17.—Captain John Barneson, commander of the United States transport Arizona, left from Manila on leave of absence, here from Manila on Sept. 24. He said the general impression among army officers was that when the peace commission concludes its labors the United States troops will have serious trouble with the natives. Admiral Dewey told him that Aguinaldo was not only unreliable, but treacherous. It is said that Aguinaldo has promised his men that immediately upon the withdrawal of the Spaniards he will declare war against the United States.

THE SAN LUIS RIOT.

Santiago Papers Magnify It—Reward Offered by Wood.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Nov. 17.—The local newspapers continued to magnify the affair at San Luis Monday night when six people were killed, two of them soldiers, in a fight between United States troops and the local gendarmes appointed by General Leonard Wood.

General Wood issued notices, printed in both Spanish and English, calling attention to his offer of \$1,000 in Spanish gold as a reward for information leading to the conviction of the perpetrators of the outrage.

Small Per Cent Died.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—An important point was developed by the war investigating commission through the examination of Major Lagarde, one of the surgeons in charge of the hospital at Siboney. It was that of the 1,300 or 1,400 wounded men treated in the hospital, only 11 had died. This was less than 1 per cent.

Alger Inspected a Transport.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—The steamer Mobile, which is being fitted up as a transport for soldiers, was inspected by Secretary Alger at Cramps' shipyard. The secretary's coming was unexpected, and as soon as he reached the city he went to the shipyard.

FAILED BANKER SUICIDED.

Speculation Said to Have Caused the Downfall of a Kansas Man.

EMPORIA, Kan., Nov. 17.—Charles S. Cross of the failed First National bank shot himself. The bank was placed in the hands of a receiver. His father helped organize the bank in 1871. On the elder Cross' death, several years ago, the son took up his father's interest in the bank. Mr. Cross is well known as a Hereford breeder. At Sunny Slope stock farm, near Emporia, he had a herd known all over the west. Speculation is said to have led to Cross' downfall. His fortune has doubtless gone down with the bank. Among the heavy losers by the failure are Lyon county and the city of Emporia. All the city and county bonds were deposited in the institution. Cross was custodian of his father's estate, which is also said to be in a wrecked condition.

CHAMBERLAIN'S SPEECH.

Preferred an Understanding With Germany, United States and Japan.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Secretary for the Colonies Joseph Chamberlain in a speech at the Conservative club banquet, defended the government's Chinese policy. Regarding the contention that Great Britain ought to have an agreement with Russia, he said in part:

"Experience has taught us that we require a better guarantee than a paper agreement to secure the policy of an open door. The best security, in my opinion, is the desire of other nations, like Japan, Germany and the United States, to preserve an open door. Japan is becoming an important power, with whom our relations throughout have been those of cordial friendship; while with Germany and the United States our relations, I rejoice to say, are now closer and more cordial than they have been for some time."

"Germany and the United States are the two great commercial nations whose interests are identical with our own. In what I have said I have not meant a permanent, formal treaty of alliance."

To Demand Temple's Surrender.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—At the instance of the governor of Arizona, the state department instructed United States Minister Clayton, at the City of Mexico, to demand the surrender, under extradition proceedings, of Temple, the American railroad conductor who is held under arrest by the Mexicans, near Nogales, on the charge of killing a Mexican in the United States.

Carried Sick Soldiers.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 17.—A hospital train left Camp Hamilton with 35 patients for Fort Thomas, Ky. Forty-six patients remained.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have prepared, at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

Costa Rican President Coming.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The state department has been informed by Minister Calvo of Costa Rica that President Iglesias will visit Washington within the next fortnight. He comes incognito and on an entirely private mission, so that outside of the exchange of unofficial courtesies, the government will not give him a formal welcome. He will arrive at New York next Tuesday. He will make a trip to Chicago, St. Louis and some other western cities and then may go to Europe. He is traveling chiefly for his health.

General Graham Very Ill.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Brigadier General William M. Graham, retired, is critically ill of typhoid fever and pneumonia at Fort Hamilton.

Weather Forecast.

Showers; fresh southwest winds.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 16.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 64¢; No. 2 yellow, ear, 64¢; No. 2 yellow, low, 64¢; No. 2 yellow, high, 64¢; No. 2 yellow, low, 64¢; No. 2 yellow, high, 64¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 31¢; No. 2 white, 30¢; No. 3 white, 29¢; No. 4 white, 28¢; No. 5 white, 27¢; No. 6 white, 26¢; No. 7 white, 25¢; No. 8 white, 24¢; No. 9 white, 23¢; No. 10 white, 22¢; No. 11 white, 21¢; No. 12 white, 20¢; No. 13 white, 19¢; No. 14 white, 18¢; No. 15 white, 17¢; No. 16 white, 16¢; No. 17 white, 15¢; No. 18 white, 14¢; No. 19 white, 13¢; No. 20 white, 12¢; No. 21 white, 11¢; No. 22 white, 10¢; No. 23 white, 9¢; No. 24 white, 8¢; No. 25 white, 7¢; No. 26 white, 6¢; No. 27 white, 5¢; No. 28 white, 4¢; No. 29 white, 3¢; No. 30 white, 2¢; No. 31 white, 1¢; No. 32 white, 0¢; No. 33 white, 0¢; No. 34 white, 0¢; No. 35 white, 0¢; No. 36 white, 0¢; No. 37 white, 0¢; No. 38 white, 0¢; No. 39 white, 0¢; No. 40 white, 0¢; No. 41 white, 0¢; No. 42 white, 0¢; No. 43 white, 0¢; No. 44 white, 0¢; No. 45 white, 0¢; No. 46 white, 0¢; No. 47 white, 0¢; No. 48 white, 0¢; No. 49 white, 0¢; No. 50 white, 0¢; No. 51 white, 0¢; No. 52 white, 0¢; No. 53 white, 0¢; No. 54 white, 0¢; No. 55 white, 0¢; 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REMEMBERED THE DEAD

Memorial Services For the Dead of the Eighth.

REPORT OF BOARD OF SURVEY

The Barracks Are More Comfortable Now That the Roof Has Been Repaired and the Heating Apparatus Is In Working order—Trouble With a Citizen.

WOOSTER, Nov. 16—[Special]—Interest yesterday centered in the memorial day program for the dead of the Eighth regiment. While the matter had been talked of for some time it did not take definite shape until Monday when the program of the exercises was arranged by Chaplain J. O. Campbell. The exercises were held on the public square and were of a very impressive nature. They were attended by large crowds, excursions being run from all the towns in which there were companies of the regiment. The departed members of E company are Okey J. Eddy, Francis Smith, Charler Sweitzer, Michael Eek and Edwin Holloway. David Carnahan was a member of K company. The following was the program:

Music—Regimental band; address—Col. C. V. Hard, president of the day; invocation—Rev. S. M. Glenn; music—Bacyns City band; address—Lientenant Colonel Charles Dick; address—Major Edward Vollrath; music—Wooster City band; address—Major F. O. Bryan; address—Major C. C. Weybrecht; music, dirge—Regimental band; remarks—Chaplain J. O. Campbell; music—"God be with us till we meet again"—Regimental band; benediction—Rev. T. S. Struggles; music—"America"—United bands; taps—Regimental bugle corps.

The board of survey—Captains A. B. Critchfield, William Hill, M. A. Charlton, M. A. Fisher and Philip Yost—appraised ordnance in hands of regiment as follows:

570 Springfield rifles, at \$10 each	\$5,700 00
615 gun slugs	147 00
580 canteens	191 40
631 haversacks	374 55
627 canteen straps	62 70
631 haversack straps	115 79
12 waist belts	3 60
24,100 rifle cartridges	
174 meat cans	80 36
The value of the quartermaster's stores was placed as follows:	
500 blouses	\$ 936 00
248 trousers	807 36
234 canvas leggings	138 70
337 campaign hats	78 08
120 pairs shoes	226 80
406 blankets	1,148 98
	\$3,950 92

The administrator of Surgeon Farquhar has been ordered to appear in Wooster and give an accounting of the government property in his hands.

With ample steam and additional bedding and coverings and the roof so repaired that rain will not enter, the barracks are made as comfortable as possible. The only complaint of importance now arises from the noisy members of the command who will not sleep during the night, and do all in their power to keep others from sleeping.

Private Arthur Teeple, of Company B, was the first man mustered out of the Eighth, receiving his honorable discharge Saturday evening, by special orders from the war department, for which he had waited for over two months. When the regiment, on their return from Cuba, were two days out from Santiago, word was received at Akron, by Mr. Teeple's brother that he had secured an appointment in the weather bureau, the civil service examination for the position that he had taken at Cleveland last spring, shortly before he enlisted, having proved successful. Ever since then he has been endeavoring to secure his discharge from the army to make sure of this permanent position, and succeeded at last only because it was in the government service.

Considerable excitement was created in East Liberty street, last evening, by a number of soldiers who were trying to lay hands on Lee Geiselman, superintendent of the water works. Just what led to the trouble is not known, but so far as we could learn the difficulty came about as the result of a misunderstanding between one of the members of Company I and Mr. Geiselman, during which Geiselman, after being called a name, struck a soldier. Mr. Geiselman managed to get away. Had the men found him there doubtless would have been some trouble. While there is disposition to censure Mr. Geiselman for his act, those who profess to know say that he was greatly aggravated. On the other hand the men involved say Mr. Geiselman was to blame.

PRECIOUS METALS.

Gold and Platinum Are Cheap Compared With Some of Them.

"The majority of people when asked to name the most precious metals usually mention gold as first, platinum as second and silver as third," said the proprietor of a large assaying and refining establishment to the writer recently. "Now, let us see how near the truth they would be. Gold is worth about \$250 per pound troy, platinum \$130, and silver about \$12.

"We will now compare these prices with those of the rarer and less well known metals. To take them in alphabetical order barium, the metal which Davy isolated from its ore, baryta, in 1808, sells for \$950 a pound when it is sold at all, and calcium is worth \$1,800 a pound. Cesium is a shade higher. Its cost is \$160 an ounce, or \$1,920 per pound. These begin to look like fabulous prices, but they do not reach the highest point, chromium being \$200. Cobalt falls to about half the price of silver, while didymium, the metal isolated by Masander, is the same price as calcium. Then comes gallium, which is worth \$3,250 an ounce. With this metal the highest price is reached, and it may well be called the rarest and most precious of metals.

"Glucium is worth \$250 per ounce; indium, \$150; iridium, \$658 a pound; janthanium, \$175, and lithium, \$160 per ounce. Nidium costs \$128 per ounce; osmium, palladium, platinum, potassium and rhodium bring respectively \$640, \$400, \$130, \$32 and \$512 per pound. Strontium costs \$128 an ounce; tantaum, \$144; tilurium, \$9; thorium, \$272; vanadium, \$320; yttrium, \$144, and zinconium, \$250 an ounce.

"Thus we see that the commonly received opinion as to what are the most precious metals is quite erroneous. Barium is nearly four times as valuable as gold and gallium more than 160 times as costly, while many of the other metals mentioned are twice and thrice as valuable. Aluminium, which cost \$8 and \$9 a pound in 1890, is now produced as cheaply as are iron, zinc, lead and copper."—Washington Star.

DELAUNAY'S SAD FATE.

A Presentation of His Death That Was Strangely Fulfilled.

DeLaunay, the director of the Paris observatory, was one of the most kindly and attractive men I ever met, says Professor Simon Newcomb in The Atlantic. I found it hopeless to expect that he would ever visit America, because he assured me that he did not dare to venture on the ocean. The only voyage he had ever made was across the channel to receive a gold medal of the Royal Astronomical society for his work.

Two of his relatives, his father, and, I believe, his brother, had been drowned, and this fact gave him a horror of the water. He seemed to feel somewhat as the clients of the astrologists, who, having been told how they were to die, took every precaution to prevent it. I remember, as a boy, reading a history of astrology, in which a great many cases of this sort were described, the peculiarity being that the very measures which the victim took to avoid the decree of fate became the engines that executed it.

The sad fate of DeLaunay was not exactly a case of this kind, yet it could not but bring it to mind. He was at Cherbourg in the autumn of 1872. Walking on the shore with a relative, a couple of boatmen invited them to take a sail. Through what inducement DeLaunay was led to forget his fears will never be known. All we know is that he ventured into the boat, that it was struck by a sudden squall when at some distance from the land, and that all the members of the party were drowned.

Crows.

There is some reason for calling an owl the bird of wisdom, and yet there is cause for wondering if the crow is not mentally his superior. Crows are not disheartened by the gloom of late autumn. If the fog is too dense to fly through it, they rise above it or trot about the ground, discussing the situation with their fellows. Is this speaking too positively? I have long been familiar with an observing man who has lived all his days within sight and hearing of crows. He claims to understand their language and can repeat the "words" that make up their vocabulary. Certainly crows seem to talk, but do they? Does a certain sound made by them have always the one significance? Year after year I have listened and watched, watched and listened, and wondered if my friend was right. He believes it. I believe it—almost. Are there limitations to ornithological interpretation? And is this an instance where truth is unattainable?—Lippincott's.

Hard on the Reporters.

"I had a strange dream the other night," said the major. "What was it?" asked the young thing. "I went to heaven, and as an old newspaper man was interested in their journal up there. It was a miserable thing; not a well written story in it, and I told St. Peter so." "What did he say?" "He said: 'It's not our fault. We never get any good reporters up here.'"—Philadelphia Press.



"The Lion's Share"

of China may be held down by England, but the Lion's share of the sale of chewing tobacco is held by

Battle Ax
PLUG

The quality of Battle Ax is not questioned. If you chew tobacco you cannot buy a better, more satisfying and economical chewing tobacco than Battle Ax. You can prove this for yourself if you will buy the large 10-cent piece and try it. There's a wonderful difference in quality as well as in quantity over common kinds. Try it to-day.

Remember the name
when you buy again.

CHERRY RIPE.

There is a garden in her face
Where roses and white lilies grow;
A heavenly paradise is that place
Wherein all pleasant fruits do flow.
There cherries grow which none may buy
Till "Cherry ripe" themselves do cry.

Those cherries fairly do inclose
Of orient pearl a double row,
Which when her lovely laughter shows
They look like rosebuds filled with snow.
Yet them nor peer nor prince can buy
Till "Cherry ripe" themselves do cry.

Her eyes like angels watch them still,
Her brows like bended bows do stand,
Threatening with piercing frowns to kill
All that attempt with eye or hand
Those sacred cherries to come nigh
Till "Cherry ripe" themselves do cry.
—Thomas Campion (1610).

THE SLY POLAR BEAR.

How He Gets His Dinner of Seal or Walrus Meat.

In his native home the polar bear does not often meet with small boys anxious to treat him to buns and other dainties. The consequence is that bruin has to devise many curious ways of securing his food, and none is more strange and interesting than that related by two trustworthy travelers in Greenland, that country of strange sights.

They have known the polar bear to take a stone or a huge lump of ice in his fore paws and from a favorable height, as a cliff or a precipitous ice hill, to hurl the missile down upon the head of a walrus, an enormous brute often twice the size of the bear, and so stun him that bruin could rush in and complete the destruction at his leisure, thus securing a month's rations.

The most usual food of the ice bear, as the Germans very appropriately call this beast, is the common seal of the arctic regions. The latter is the wariest animal of the north, and both Eskimo and polar bear need their best strategy to catch it.

In the summer time, when the snow is off the ice of the ocean shore and islets, the seals can be plainly seen as black dots on the ice, probably asleep, but always near their holes, which lead down through the thick ice to the water below, and into which they can throw themselves by the least movement. Bruin, seeing one afar, walks up as near as he deems safe and then begins crawling on his wary prey.

The seal, if the weather be sunny and pleasant, takes short naps, relieved by shorter moments when it is scanning the vicinity for signs of an enemy's approach. During these times the bear is very quiet and as still as death itself, with eyes apparently closed, though really a corner of each is kept open, and in this way he hopes the seal will take him for a heap of snow, an appearance which his coat readily helps him to assume.

During the naps he creeps forward with greater or less rapidity, according to his nearness to the seal and consequent fear of being heard or seen.

When but 10 or 12 yards away, and the seal is in the depths of a good nap, the bear rushes upon him and with a single blow of his powerful paw knocks the smaller brute senseless and so far away from the hole that he cannot escape by that way, even if the blow received is not immediately fatal.

In winter time the ice is covered with snow, and this is hollowed out by the seal into a snowhouse, covering the hole in the ice and connecting at the top of the dome with an aperture about the size of a shilling, called the blowhole, for it is through this that the seal breathes when he is in want of fresh air.

Here the bear watches for many a long hour if necessary, and when the snorts of the seal are heard he crushes in the fragile dome of the snowhouse with his paw, impaling the seal on curved claws, and proceeds to practically demonstrate how polar bears can subsist in an arctic winter.—London Telegraph.

It Sulted.

The other afternoon I was in a gentleman's outfitting shop when a customer came in to purchase a hat. He tried on several and was evidently hard to please, the counter becoming covered with the rejected. At last the salesman picked up a brown felt bowler, brushed it round with his arm and extended it admiringly.

"These are being very much worn this season, sir," he explained.

"Are they?" said the customer thoughtfully, surveying himself in the mirror, with his hat on his head. "Do you think it suits me?"

"Suits you to perfection, sir, if the fit's right."

"Yes, it fits very well. So you think I had better have it?"

"I don't think you could do better, sir."

"No, I don't think I could, so I won't have a new one."

The salesman had been praising up the old hat.—Pearson's Weekly.

A "Steele Bargain."

Adam Steele of Shelby county once rented a tanyard to a Mr. Jones on shares. His idea was to risk in the business only the use of his tanyard and not to incur any further liability.

So he protected himself by the following safe clause in the contract:

"If anything is made, the said Steele is to have it, and if anything is lost the said Jones is to lose it."

And this is known in Shelby as a regular Adam Steele bargain to this day. —Lexington (Ky.) Gazette.

China's Great Garden.

There is an immense garden in China that embraces an area of 50,000 square miles. It is all meadow land and is filled with lakes, ponds and canals.

In the orange fields of New Zealand the crop has been known to net as high as \$1,000 an acre.

THE
NEWS
REVIEW
PRESS.

Finest Print Shop
IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print
Everything.

From an
Election Sticker
to a
3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE
COLOR PRINTING,
ART CATALOGUES,
EMBOSSING,
HALF TONE WORK,
IM. LITHOGRAPHY,
IM. TYPE WRITER,
&c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
INVOICE SHEETS,
INVITATIONS,
FOLDERS,
CIRCULARS,
BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE
NEWS
REVIEW
PRESS.

THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bonafide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

This morning a number of young men left for Neil station where they spent the day hunting.

A special Thanksgiving service will be held at the Second Presbyterian church next Sunday evening.

Work remodeling the Christian church was commenced this morning and will be rushed to completion.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cartwright will entertain friends this evening at their home in Fourth street.

George Bramer, who has been spending several weeks in Toronto and New Cumberland, returned to the city this morning.

The train due in this city at 7:14 o'clock last night did not arrive until almost 8 o'clock, caused by heavy freight traffic near Rochester.

A musical entertainment will be given this evening at the African M. E. church and the proceeds will be used for the benefit of the church.

The Bachelor Girls are this afternoon entertaining their married lady friends at the residence of Miss Minnie Thompson, Cook street.

C. A. Forgeson badly sprained his left ankle yesterday afternoon as he stepped from city hall. The injury is not serious.

The household effects of Charles Lawrenson were received at the freight depot, this morning. They were received from Pittsburgh.

The East End Eagle Football club would like to arrange a game for Saturday with any team whose members average not more than 100 pounds.

John O. Campbell, inspector of the United States Car Service association, was in the city yesterday on business. He remained but a few hours, and then left for Wheeling.

Fireman Woods returned to the city last night from Carrollton where he has been for several days. He was a witness in the case of the state against Charles Perry.

The heavy fog which hung over the city this morning delayed the ferry boat from starting at its usual time. The fog cleared away at 10 o'clock when traffic on the river was resumed.

Chief Morley and Fireman Terrence, of the East End station, returned to the city yesterday afternoon from Lisbon where they have been attending court for several days.

Workmen yesterday commenced the work of placing a flagstone pavement in front of the Citizens' bank building in Washington street. The work will be completed by this evening.

The sportsmen of the city report quail hunting as being very good, and the birds are more numerous than they have been for several seasons. The only fault the hunters have to find is that they are unusually small.

The contest between St. Aloysius church of this city and the church of the Immaculate Conception of Wellsville will close December 10. A report of the collections will be made within a few days after the closing.

Miss McHenry, a teacher in the Central building who has been ill at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Adam, 232 Fourth street, for several days threatened with typhoid fever, was taken to her home in Beaver yesterday.

It is almost impossible to keep the main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road in proper shape, as the class H 4 engines are too heavy for the rail now used between this place and Rochester, and the road is always in bad condition.

It was stated this morning that the new Thompson building in Fifth street would be ready for occupancy about January 15. All the storerooms have been rented, and many of the office rooms in the second floor have been engaged.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

Table Linens.

For Thanksgiving. Perhaps you think of buying new linens. If so, we think you can do no better than buy them here---good qualities at pleasing prices.

TABLE DAMASK, unbleached, 60 inches wide, good quality, at 45c yard.

Unbleached Damask, large floral pattern, 62 inches wide at 50c.

Unbleached Damask, 68 inches wide floral pattern, as 60c yd.

Unbleached Damask, snow drop pattern, 68 inches wide, at 69c yd.

Better qualities in cream colored damask, 70 inches wide, in floral patterns, at 85c and \$1.00 yd.

BLEACHED DAMASKS.

Fair quality bleached linen at 50c yd.

Bleached Damask, 66 inches wide, polka dot pattern, nice quality, at 69c yd.

19 inch napkins to match, at \$1.75 per dozen.

Bleached Damask, 72 inches wide, snow drop pattern, at 75c. This is one of the best values in the lot.

21 inch napkins to match, at \$2.00 per dozen.

Two Splendid Values.

One is 72 inches wide, the other 68 inches wide; one is a neat floral pattern, the other a large scroll pattern at 89c.

24 and 22 inch napkins to match at \$3.00 and \$2.50 per dozen.

At the next price, \$1, we have more and better styles than at any other. These run 68 inches to 72 inches wide, and come in neat and large patterns.

We match most of these in napkins at \$3 to \$4 a dozen.

Other Table Damasks at \$1.25, \$1.40 and \$1.50 per yard. These are 72 inches wide, some of which we match in large size napkins, at \$3.75 and \$4 a dozen.

Plain White Damask, good quality, 72 inches wide, at \$1.25 yd.

TOWEL SPECIALS---Huck Towel, 21x24 inches, hemmed, blue or red borders, at 17½c each.

Fringe Damask, all linen towel, 24x41 inches at 29c.

Warm Winter Underwear.

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR---Heavy fleeced ribbed cotton underwear, vests and pants, at 25c per garment.

Better fleeced cotton at 50c per garment, or \$1 a suit.

Part wool, ribbed, fleeced underwear at 50c a garment, or \$1 per suit.

Part wool camel's hair vests and pants at 75c a garment, or \$1 50 per suit.

All wool camel's hair vests and pants at \$1 per garment, or \$2 per suit.

Union Suits in ecru, heavy ribbed cotton, at 50c, 75c and \$1 per suit.

Black Union Suits at \$2.50 each.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR---Heavy fleeced at 90c a suit.

All wool, brown, at \$2. Part wool, ribbed, fleeced, at \$2.

Wright's health fleeced underwear for men, at \$2.00 and \$4.00 per suit.

A Full Line

of Wright's Health Fleeced Underwear for Boys and girls.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O.

President---DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President---J. M. KELLY
Cashier---N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r---THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE. W. L. THOMPSON
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Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.

We Still Have a Few Cheap Lots in Bradshaw Addition,

and a good business chance for some one with \$1,200 capital. Houses and lots from \$750 to \$1200.

GEO. H. OWEN & CO., Agts.,
Real Estate and Insurance,
First National Bank Building.

DIAMONDS.

The handsomest line in the city. Call and see them.

G. R. PATTISON,

Jeweler and dealer in... DIAMONDS,
224 WASHINGTON STREET.

FOR SALE.

An 8 room frame house with 30x100. Situated on Seventh street, good location, price \$3,100.

A lot 40x130 with two small dwellings situated on Sixth street, one half square from Diamond for \$5,500.

It will pay investors to look into these offers.

Other properties in all parts of the city for sale.

Elijah W. Hill, J. P.

Fire Insurance and Real Estate,
105 Sixth Street.

RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the Celebrated Air Cushion Rubber Stamps.

THE NEWS REVIEW

Dr. J. N. VODREY
DENTIST,
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DIAMOND.

HASSEY'S PLACE,

Opposite First National Bank.
Just a little nicer. Just a little brighter than ever before.

OUR SATURDAY SPECIAL SALE.
200 lbs. of fine homemade peanut candy 5c per lb.; 100 lbs. new dates 5c per lb.; 50 lbs. grapes 20c per lb.; oysters 25c per quart; mixed nuts 10c per quart; oysters and lunch served.

Paid Up Stock

and Running Stock are now being issued by

The Potters' Building and Savings Company.

Any amount desired.

ALL the News in the News Review.